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Essex County Herald.

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF ESSEX COUNTY.

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W. H. BISHOP, Publisher.

ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY

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Incendiary Fire at Sharon, Mass.

The barn of Jonathan Packard, about a mile from Sharon, Mass., was totally destroyed, together with its contents—two horses, six carriages, two sleighs, harnesses, etc. The loss is about $1,800, and there is a partial insurance. There have been a large number of incendiary fires there, and the selectmen employed a detective, but discovered no clue. Mr. Packard, whose barn was burned, offers a reward of $500 for information that will lead to the detection of the incendiary, and a further reward of $200 for the detection of any one who may set a fire in town during the coming year.

Killed Near Gloucester.

While on his way home from Gloucester, Mass., Michael Slavin, aged 24, of Rockport while walking the tracks of the Boston & Maine railroad, was run down and instantly killed by the 11 p. m. train from Boston. One arm was cut off and the body badly mutilated. The remains were turned over to Undertaker Lloyd, pending examination by the medical examiner.

Essex County Herald.

Strawberry plants are now set out by machinery. What next?

It is about thirty miles across town in London, and for that entire distance there is said to be an unbroken line of residences and stores.

The London Times says that the only time at which Mr. Gladstone has succeeded in commanding the unanimous sympathy of the whole British nation was when he had his eyes operated on.

The Baltimore American muses: If it were not for the savages in Africa the glorious art of war would have few human beings for target-practice in these modern days. The poor Africans are not able to do much except to get shot and die.

It is said that so much farm land in England has lately been allowed to lapse from cultivation that wild animals, which ten years ago were in danger of extinction, are now flourishing and increasing. The badger and the otter, for instance, are reported to be thriving greatly on agricultural depression.

Henry L. Higginson, who generously gave Soldier's Field to Harvard College for athletic sports, has written a letter to the captain of the college baseball team that other ball players might read with profit: He says: "Good manners and a sense of justice call for a change or two in the ways of Harvard students at the games. Cheering a bad play of an opponent is unkind. Cheering to worry an opponent is shabby. Cheering in our home for our men only is at least ungraceful and very selfish."

In the Forum is an interesting article telling how Baltimore satisfactorily disposed of the tramp nuisance. It established a comfortable lodging house, to which male lodgers were admitted on the condition that they paid for the accommodation in work. The police stations were then closed against the tramps, and they were all referred to the lodging house. The result was that many poor and worthy men were satisfactorily assisted, while the useless, idle beggars, horrified at the thought of having to work for anything, have drifted away to find communities that will give them something for nothing.

Undismayed by their experience in the Suez and Panama enterprises, the French are undertaking to build another great canal. They have now determined to connect the Bay of Biscay with the Mediterranean by a canal over 400 miles long, from 144 to 215 feet wide and from twenty-eight to thirty-four feet deep, and with widened passing places every eight miles. There will be twenty-two locks, each 650 feet in length and eighty feet in width. The cost is calculated at $100,000,000. It is, however, safe to say that it will be much more. It is claimed by its promoters that besides greatly expediting commerce, this waterway will be of vast political significance. If it could only be kept open in war, Gibraltar, the strongest fort in the world, would be rendered useless, and France, instead of England, would hold the "Key to the Mediterranean."

Paul Bourget, the wonderful Parisian author of "Cosmopolis" and other romances, speaks of America as the greatest example of audacious modernism, the creation of democracy and science, which are the grand, mysterious, gloomy disturbers of the old world. Over against its vast, black, unæsthetic, almost rude concentration of superlative power called Chicago, this terrible democracy erected in a moment of play, a white city as beautiful as a poet's dream, whose vanishing palaces were not merely colossal, but also in a grand way simple, ingenious, graceful and symmetrical. The prosaic spirit of the age has built its rude western cities, and now turns to manifest to the world that it is competent, nay, eager, to conceive and love the most superb and admirable ideals. The golden sunlight of Illinois, the gray-green waters of Lake Michigan, the illimitable verdure of the prairies, saw in the fair the creation of an imperishable new object lesson for the ages, by American artists, designers and executive leaders, from our own ranks.

The Memphis (Tenn.) Appeal-Avalanche calls for a statute making it a felony for a manufacturer or merchant to put out short weight goods, and says that there is now a general complaint all over the country of short weights.

CARNOT ASSASSINATED

Stabbed to Death by an Italian Anarchist.

MURDERER INSTANTLY ARRESTED.

France is Mourning for Her Loved Executive--Uprising Against Italians in Paris--English Newspaper Comment--Carnot's Public Life.

M. Marie Francois Sadi-Carnot.

Paris, France, was horrified shortly before 10 o'clock p. m., by the announcement that M. Sadi Carnot, the president of the French Republic, had been stabbed mortally in Lyons, by Cesare Giovanni Santo, an Italian Anarchist, 22 years of age. The terrible announcement was quickly placed on the newspaper bulletins, and the people of the great metropolis went wild with excitement. There is not a single statesman in the whole of France who, month by month as his term as president went on, has continued to grow closer and closer to the heart of the French people.

All the newspapers issued extra editions, and numerous crowds waited hour after hour for the very latest particulars of the assassination. The news swiftly spread to every part of the city. Infuriated crowds filled the streets. The police were obliged to strain every nerve to protect the Italian consulate.

President Carnot arrived in Lyons, accompanied by General Borius, chief of his military household, most of his other household officials, Premier Dupuy, M. Burdeau and other members of the cabinet.

He was received enthusiastically at the station by the mayor and district officials, who, in twenty-seven landaus drawn by horses draped with the tri-color, escorted him and his party to the Hotel de Ville. Cheering crowds filled the street and gave the president such a welcome as he had seldom received.

There was luncheon at the Hotel de Ville, and in the evening a dinner at the perfecture. From the balcony of the perfecture the president reviewed a large torchlight procession, which was followed by fireworks and illumination. Afterwards the program of the city officials was submitted to him in detail, and he expressed satisfaction with the arrangements.

The president and his party paid a state visit to the exhibition in the Parc de la Tete d'Or. Afterward the president held a reception at the prefecture. He planned to go to the Place de la Comedie in the evening, after the banquet at the Chamber of Commerce. He was in a peculiarly happy mood during the banquet and was noticeably elated by the cordiality of his reception, not only by the crowd outside the building, but also by the guests within.

He was cheered incessantly from the moment he left the Chamber of Commerce until he took the carriage for the theatre. He left the Chamber of Commerce banquet, given in his honor, shortly after 9 o'clock, and walking to his carriage, which was waiting in the Place de la Bourse. He had hardly taken his seat when Santo, a newspaper in his hand, pressed through the crowd and sprang upon the carriage step.

President Carnot started slightly. Santo snatched a dagger from the newspaper and plunged it into the president's abdomen near the liver. The president sank back unconscious. He was taken at once to the prefecture, and the most skilful surgeons in the city were summoned. Meantime Santo was arrested.

The demonstative enthusiasm of the crowd caused the confusion which gave Santo his opportunity, as he was able to push his way forward quite unnoticed until the stop of the carriage.

When Santo, the assassin, was within a few feet of President Carnot's carriage he waved a paper, as if intending to present a petition, and thus throw off their guard the persons nearest to the president. He was seized just as he was about to jump from the step and had but half withdrawn the dagger.

The president had repeated hemorrhages after he was removed to the prefecture. He sank gradually, but steadily, until 12.45 o'clock, when he died.

Mme. Carnot and her two sons left Paris by special train for Lyons. All the ministers who did not go to Lyons with the president were in council at the Elysee.

Carnot's Public Life.

M. Sadi-Carnot was born at Limoges, Aug. 11, 1837, was the grandson of the great Carnot, the celebrated war minister of the French revolution who organized the armies of the republic. He was well educated. He stood at the head in his class in the Ecole des Ponts et Chaussees. He was general secretary of the Conseil General des Ponts et Chaussees and engineer at Annecy from 1864 to 1870. France is indebted to him for studies on and the construction of bridges, railways, etc., he having, among other great works, constructed the great Collonge bridge on the Rhone, near the Swiss frontier, when he inaugurated a new process of tubular foundation.

During the Franco-Prussian war M. Carnot was given charge by the government of the organization of the defence nationale in Normandy, he being a commissary extraordinary in the Seine-Inferieure, Eure, Calvados, and prefect of Seine-Inferieure, which onerous post he occupied from Jan. 10 to the 19th, and only left Harve for Bordeaux at the expiration of the second armistice.

He was what may be termed a moderate republican of the Ferry and Freycinet type, whose training as an engineer and a political economist fitted him in a quite peculiar manner for the high office to which he was elected.

Besides being one of the foremost engineers of France, M. Sadi-Carnot was a distinguished political economist and a fervent admirer of the late John Stuart Mill, of whose works he published a French translation. His skill in dealing with intricate questions of national finance resulted in his being repeatedly elected member of the parliamentary budget committee. He was one of the few French statesmen of the present day whose past history was absolutely unimpeachable, and whose political and private character was untarnished by any kind of blemish. The most striking proof thereof was given in the Wilson-Dreyfoss scandal, when M. Sadi-Carnot, notwithstanding all the pressure brought to bear upon him by President Grevy and his son-in-law, absolutely declined to give his sanction as minister of finance, to the illegal repayment by the national treasury of certain dues which had been paid by them to M. Dreyfus. Rather than give way he preferred to incur the bitter enmity of the Elysee, which resulted in his being forced to withdraw from the cabinet a few weeks later and to make way for a less conscientious minister of finance.

The president was a very silent man, of grave demeanor, a rather long face and a pronounced aquiline nose. Although his stature was not above the average height, his figure was well set together. In May, 1889, at the opening of the ceremonies attendant upon the centennial of the states general, an attempt was made to assassinate President Carnot by discharging a pistol at him while seated in his carriage.

While raising the weapon for the second time, the would-be assassin was overpowered. He was a Frenchman named Jean Nicholas Ferran, and was insane. Another attempt, almost identical in character, was made in July, 1891, while the President was passing along the avenue de la Republique in his carriage, the miscreant being a lunatic who had just escaped from an asylum.

He inherited his democracy from his father, Lazare Hippolyte, who was one of the leaders of the French democracy, and after the revolution of 1848 became minister of public instruction, having been a member of the Corps Legislatif in 1863, and of the national assembly in 1871. He was elected senator for life in 1875, and died in 1888.

President Carnot's term of office would have expired next December, and it has been well known that he desired a re-election, his principal rival being M. Casimir-Perier, recently at the head of the ministry.

M. Marie Francois Sadi-Carnot, who was elected president of the French republic in December, 1887, was a deputy from the Cote d'Or. He was usually called Sadi Carnot, in order to distinguish him from his father Lazare Hippolyte Carnot, life senator, a well-known politician and author in his day, who was a member of the St. Simonians, and who betook himself to oriental literature, and from the nature of his studies was led to give the name of Sadi to his son.

In the national assembly to which he was elected on Feb. 8, having received 42,000 votes, M. Sadi-Carnot always took his seat with the Republican Left, during the whole term of which he was secretary of that group. Being a member of a large number of special commissions on public works, industry, etc., he advocated the passage of the bill relative to explosives, dynamite, etc.

On Feb. 20, 1876, he was elected deputy of the Deuxieme Circonscription of Beaume by 7053 votes. He continued to sit with the Republican Left in the new chamber, of which he was secretary. He was re-elected Oct. 14, 1877, by 7584 votes.

He was minister of public works under De Freycinet, and continued the great works which he had previously fostered as secretary of state. He was re-elected in 1881 by 9038 votes, and successively held several offices. He was minister of finance in the Brisson ministry in 1885.

He was conseillor-general of the Cote d'Or for the canton of Nolay. At the elections of Oct. 4, 1885, M. Carnot was nominated by the Republican Departmental Congress (belonging to the Republican Union). He was elected on the second ballot by 53,833 out of 91,977 votes.

During all the turmoil and excitement incident upon the Panama scandal, the disorder of the Chamber, the murmurings of the people and the cabinet resignations, President Carnot pursued the even tenor of his way and preserved his reputation for moderation and integrity.

The president of the French republic was well paid for his services. He received a salary of $240,000, a free residence in the Elysee palace, and an allowance of $60,000 for household expenses.

It was said of the late president that "he was a good man, who made no enemies in public or private life." His republicanism was not advanced or rabid. If he committed no blunders, he awakened but little enthusiasm, and his fealty to the republic was unquestioned.

His wife, who is a charming and most talented woman, is the daughter of the late M. Dupont-White, the distinguished political economist and French prototype of John Stuart Mill. Mme. Sadi-Carnot is one of the best read women in France, is an excellent linguist, dresses in perfect taste, and, although elegant, is exceedingly quiet and unassuming. She has four daughters and one son.

London Newspaper Comment.

The London Daily News says: "The terrible news of the assassination of the president of the French republic will be received with a shock of horror all over the civilized world. No such blow has been struck by political hatred and fanaticism since the bullet of the insane Guiteau mortally wounded President Garfield, or the pistol of Wilkes Booth killed President Lincoln.

"M. Carnot, like the presidents of the sister republic, was a man whom not only his own country-men, but other nations, regarding with the utmost confidence and respect. In difficult and even dangerous times, he has filled his exalted post with a personal dignity and a political sagacity which have been of the greatest service to the world. He has brought the republic through more than one crisis which has threatened its stability, and has kept his country at peace.

"He was in many respects an ideal president. His removal at this time must not only be a great calamity for France, but a misfortune to Europe. His period of office would have concluded with the present year, and there seemed to be every prospect of his re-election. His presidency will be regarded as the most brilliant and successful of the series. His death, following the brutal attack made upon him, is a very serious calamity for France and for Europe.

"This fatal event is likely to create not only just and righteous indignation at murder most foul and most horrible, but also an impatience of the very existence of the Anarchist group. One result must follow: Wherever these people are harbored there must be greater watchfulness over the public men."

The Daily Chronicle says: "Lincoln died in a theatre at the hand of a lunatic enraged at the defeat of the confederacy, which the president intended to let down so gently. President Garfield fell likewise under the bullet of one who was not mad, save in a political sense. These are the only parallels that history affords to the fiendish atrocity of last night.

"It was understood that President Carnot did not seek re-election that might have been his for the asking. He was content, having done his duty blamelessly and impartially, to retire to private life carrying the good will of the nation, the confidence of statesmen, and the approbation of his own conscience.

"Never was a man less likely to excite personal vengeance; and, unless we are to suppose that he has been the victim of a madman's frenzy, it must be assumed that he has been stricken because he did not pardon the Anarchists who were recently guillotined for the murders of innocent men and women.

"Sadi-Carnot is lying dead, slain by the wild injustice of a blind savagery. A madness so perfectly imbecile as that of his assassin the world has never yet known. It is only too probable that the foul deed will give a handle to the apostles of reaction throughout Europe."

TO BE ELECTROCUTED.

The Awful Sentence Imposed on Mrs Lizzie Halliday.

Mrs. Lizzie Halliday, convicted of murder, was brought into court at Monticello, N. Y., for sentence. She came in with Sheriff Beecher with the same measured step, the same downcast eyes, and the same exhibition of stupidity that have characterized her demeanor throughout the ordeal. She was pushed down into her chair, where she began the same actions carried on during the trial. She covered her face to her eyes with her handkerchief, and rubbed her nose and stroked her chin.

Judge Edwards was 15 minutes late. While he was looking over his code, Lizzie attempted to rise, but was forced down into her chair. District Attorney Hill moved that sentence be passed upon Elizabeth Halliday. Four officers then held her up. The usual questions were put to her, but she answered none. Her body swayed in the grasp of the officers, but there was no expression on her face; she jerked her head up and down, stamped her heel once or twice, but at no time raised her head.

Lawyer Carpenter watched her, his eyes dim, and sincere pity showing in his face. Judge Edwards spoke in low, measured tones in imposing sentence, and the room was breathlessly quiet, so eager were the listeners to catch every word. Mr. Carpenter responded to the judge's invitation to speak by saying: "I have nothing further to say."

Tears streamed down his cheeks as the judge condemned her to death by electricity at the place designated by the state, in the week beginning Monday, Aug. 6, 1894. Lizzie was then led out, without sign of recognition of the terrible sentence.

Stock of Jewelry Destroyed.

Jacob Graff's jewery store on South Main street, Providence, was completely gutted by fire. Graff went to Block Island on an excursion steamer at 9.30 o'clock and three-quarters of an hour later Jacob Cohen discovered smoke coming out of the front windows of the store. When the flames were extinguished every clock, watch and piece of jewelry was destroyed, entailing a loss of about $2,500. The fire originated in a back room in which Graff usually slept. The cause of the fire as well as the amount of the insurance is unknown.

25 MEN DROWNED.

A Frightful Catastrophe in New York Harbor

Gallant Work of Steamers Saves Many Lives.

As the steamship Algonquin of the Clyde line, from Charlestown and Jacksonville, was off the Atlantic Highlands, and about four miles southeast of the Scotland lightship, New York Harbor, the scream of the whistle reached the ears of Captain Piatt, who was standing on the bridge. It was a signal of distress. The captain observed about a mile away a big tug rolling and pitching on the waves. With the aid of his glasses he saw the craft was crowded with people and that sea was close to the point of foundering. He signaled the engine room. A moment later the ship was up in the face of the wind, rolling easily on the big waves.

Before the screws of the ship had ceased their revolutions an order had been issued to lower and man the lifeboats.

When the work of lowering the boat was accomplished the people on the Algonquin looked over the water to where they had seen the tug. As they did so the little vessel careened way over to the starboard, her smokestack almost touching the crest of a passing wave. Just at this time, however, another big whitecap came rolling along and striking the tug, sent her over the other way. Thus the waters played with her for a minute or more, and then she went to the bottom.

As she sank out of sight, the top of the wheelhouse, together with a raft and a lifeboat, remained floating on the water. To every particle of wreckage clung one or more of the drowning throng. The life raft was the most sought for, and those who were so fortunate as to make it were saved.

When the Algonquin reached the scene of the accident and commenced the work of rescue, she was joined in her labor by three tugs—the Governor, the Wallace B. Flint and the R. J. Moran. All of these vessels had been cruising in the vicinity and had responded to the whistle of distress, and reached the drowning people at about the same time as did the Algonquin's crew.

Together they commenced to take the people from the water and from the raft. In less than twenty minutes from the time the rescuers arrived, those who had been on the foundered craft, except those who had gone to the bottom, had been rescued.

The lost tug's life-boat was found floating aimlessly about by the Algonquin's crew. It was full of water and had evidently been overturned many times. In the bottom of it, however, tangled in ropes, was found the body of a man. The man had probably prepared for a plunge into the sea.

His coat was off and his shirt sleeves were rolled up to his shoulders. Efforts were made to revive the spark of life that was at first thought to be within him, but they were unavailing. In his pockets was a quantity of lines and hooks.

From the survivors it was learned that the lost tug was the James D. Nichol, and that she was owned by William Reeves of New York city. The people who were aboard of her were members of an excursion party which was gotten up under the direction of the Herring Fishing Club, a social organization of Germans and having headquarters in New York.

As near as can be ascertained twenty-five people or thereabouts were drowned. These figures are secured by estimates of the number of persons who were aboard and the number who were saved.

When the crew from the Algonquin had picked up about all they could carry in their metallic lifeboat—nine living and one dead—they put back to the vessel, which, in the meantime, had put about, and was lying not far from the point where the accident occurred. It was far too rough to attempt to bring the rescued on board the steamer, so a line was swung to the lifeboat and she was towed to quarantine. At the latter place they were brought to the Algonquin's deck.

So far as ascertained only three bodies have been recovered. Estimates as to the number of those on board the ill-fated tug vary from 75 to 85.

A BIG BLAZE IN ASHLAND.

It Destroys Fully $20,000 Worth of Dwelling and Other Property.

Ashland, Mass., suffered from a destructive conflagration that called into service the town fire department and also Framingham steamer company No. 1. It destroyed one manufacturing building, four dwelling houses and two stables. The total loss is $20,000.

The fire started in the boot heel manufactory of George Hatch on Main street. This building, a two-story wooden one, was about 40 feet square, and was formerly known as the Cole shop. It was owned by the Framingham Savings Bank, and was worth about $2,000.

The occupant, Mr. Hatch, had but recently fitted up the building at considerable expense. His loss on stock and machinery is from $5,000 to $7,000. Mr. Hatch employed 25 hands, and will probably resume business.

The two-story frame dwelling house, just south of the shop, caught from flying sparks and was nearly all consumed. It was owned and occupied by Mrs. Mary Donley, who succeeded in saving a small portion of her household effects. Mrs. Donley's loss is $2000; partial insurance.

John E. Conners owned two wooden dwelling houses at the corner of Main and Union streets, a short distance from the shop, and these with a stable, were burned, with a considerable portion of the contents.

Mr. Conners, the owner, occupied one of these structures, a cottage, and his loss is $1500.

Albert Conners, who occupied the other of the two buildings, lost considerable. This building, with the stable, was worth some $2200. The old Leland homestead, not far away, was also a prey to the flames. It was occupied by J. E. Woods, grocer, whose housekeeping goods were badly damaged. This building which was a two-story one, was the property of the Ashland Baptist Society, being willed to it by Mr. Leland. The house and stable were very badly damaged.

SCHOONER SANK.

She Went Down off Newburyport Bar and Carried two Men With Her.

Schooner Eagle of Boston was sunk about one and a half miles off Newburyport Bar, Mass., and two of her crew, Herman Davis, mate, of Boston, and Henry McPhee, cook, of Cape Breton, were drowned. McPhee leaves a wife and three children. Davis was unmarried.

Captain Littlefield and Seaman Wallis W. George were rescued by the fishing schooner Alfaretta, Captain J. J. Thewlow. The Ocean Eagle left Plum Island for Boston, and soon after leaving it was found that she was leaking. The vessel was headed for the beach, when it was found that the vessel would sink. The two men drowned went to the cabin to get some personal effects, and while there the schooner sank. The Ocean Eagle was 55.59 tons, was owned by Captain Littlefield and the New England Adamant Company. She was valued at $1,500 including the cargo and personal effects, and was uninsured.

The promise of a plentiful fruit harvest in England has seldom been more hopeful than this season. The show of bloom on pears, apples, plums, cherries, etc., has been enormous.

BOSTON WHOLESALE MARKETS.

[To make the following quotations of value to buyer and seller alike, it will be necessary to carefully note the prefatory remarks which precede all articles quoted. In a market of this character it is impossible to give prices for every day of the week, but noting the general tendency of trade, those given will be found sufficiently close to enable dealers to base their transactions thereon.]

There is nothing new that can be said about the condition of trade. The hand-to-mouth method prevails in nearly all lines, and the old-time desire to make large deals and lay stock in excess of demand seems to have gone entirely out of fashion. This inactive condition of business will certainly continue as long as our large factories and shops are idle, which is really the power behind the throne that furnishes the necessary purchasing power for the working classes of the people. The general tone of the coffee market has strengthened during the past few days. Flour movements are quiet with prices steady. There is a moderate business in butter, with prices easy. The potato market is fair, with prices lower on new stock. Hay is firm for choice grades. Provisions are quiet. Refined sugar is firm with but little change in prices. The molasses market is really better than would be expected under the very hot weather since hot weather always makes a dull molasses trade. There is some demand. The crop of West India molasses is about all shipped, and the arrivals, though they have been liberal, are nearly all well taken care of. The quotations are steady to firmer under the recent strength in the raw sugar market. Rice continues firm. Pepper and cloves are both firmer, with prices advanced on round lots. Other spices steady. The tea market is quiet, as it usually is at this season. There is a scarcity of good teas, especially in Formosa, and no good teas are expected till the coming of new teas, a few weeks later. There is some poor "trash" left, but the trade scarcely wants it. One or two of the first samples of black teas of the season have been received this week and sold at rather satisfactory terms. Several lines of samples will be here by mail this week, and they will be offered for sale. Indications in the trade suggest that they will be received. New Japan teas are at hand, and they are selling well for teas of good quality.

BUTTER.—Fresh creamery, 17@18½c; fair to good, 15@16c; fresh dairies, 15@17c; imitation, 13c; ladle, 11c.

BEANS.—$2@2 05 for pea, $1 90@1 95 for medium; yellow eyes, $2 40; red kidneys, $2 40@2 45; foreign, $1 70@1 85; Cal., $2@2 20.

BEEF.—Plate and extra $9@11 per bbl; family and extra family, $10 50@11. Fresh, 5½@7½c; for steer hinds, 7@10c; fores, 4@5c.

CHEESE.—New, 9½@10c for best Northern, 9½@10c for Western.

COFFEE.—Rio, low ordinary, 18½@18½c; good, 21½@21c; prime and fancy washed, nominal; Santos, 19@23; Java Timor, 25@27c; Maracaibo, 23@23½c; Jamaica, 20@23c; Costa Rica, 23@25c; Mexican, 21@24c; Guatemala, 23@24c; Mocha, 25½@26.

EGGS.—Fancy, 14@15c; best Eastern, 12½@13c; Western choice, 11½@12c; Michigan, 12@12½c; Southern, 11c.

FLOUR.—$3.65@4 for spring patents, special brands higher; $3.25@3.5 for winter patents; $2.75@3.40 clear and straights; low grades, $2@3. Cornmeal, —90@92c per bag, and $2.10@2.15 per bbl. Oatmeal.—$4.85@5.05 for rolled and ground; cut, $5.10@5.20. Rye flour.—$2.75@3.

FRUIT. — Baltimore strawberries, 7@10c; Jersey, 8@12c; Long Island, 8@12c. Foreign fruits—Oranges, 200 counts, $3@3.50; higher counts, $4@4.25; hf. boxes, $1.50@2; lemons, $2@3.25; fancy, $3.50@4; Cuba pineapples, 5@8c; extra, 8@10c; bananas, No. 1's, $1.75@1.85; eight-hands, $1.50@1.60; No. 2's, $1@1.25; evaporated apples, 13@16c; sun dried, 7@9c.

GRAIN.—Steamer yellow and No. 2 yellow corn on spot, 48½c; to ship, No. 3 yellow, 48½c; No. 2 yellow, 48½c. Oats, 44½@45c for spot clipped; fancy, 44½@46; No. 2 white, 44c; No. 3 white, 43½c; No. 2 mixed, 44c; clipped to ship, 45@46; No. 2 white, 43½c; No. 3 white, 43½c; mixed, 43½c. Milfeed to ship, $15 50@15 75 for spring, and $17 25 for winter bran; $16@18 for middlings. Cottonseed meal, $24@24 25 to ship; $24 50 for spot. Gluten meal to arrive, $18 50@20. Rye, 58@60c.

MUTTON.—Lambs, 9@10c for good to choice; mutton, 7½@8½c; yearlings, 7@8c; veal, 7@9c.

MOLASSES.—New Orleans fancy new, 34@35c; choice, 28@32c; centrifugal, 12@15c; new fancy Ponce, 28@30c; choice to fancy, 25@27c; Mayaguez, 23@29c; Barbadoes, 28@25c; St. Kitts, 21@22c; boiling, nominal, 14c.

POTATOES.—90c for hebrons; Dakota reds, 85c; N. S. white star, 90c; Chenangoes, 85@85c.

POULTRY.—Northern spring chickens, 30c; fowls, 12@14c; Western turkeys, frozen, 10@11c; Western chickens, frozen, 11@12c; iced broilers, 25@30c; fowls, frozen, 10@11c; iced, 9c.

PORK.—$15.50 for long and short cuts and heavy backs; light backs, $14.50; lean ends, $16. Fresh ribs, 8½c.; sausages, 8½c.; sausage meat, 7½c.; hams, 10@11c; smoked shoulders, 8½c.; corned shoulders, 7½c.; bacon, 10½c. Tierce lard, 7¾c.; pails, 8¼@8½c.; city dressed hogs, 7c.; country, 6.

RICE.—Foreign is in good demand, but very little Carolina is selling. Patna rice is quoted at 4½c; Japan, 4½@4¾c.

SUGAR.—Extra quality, granulated, 4c.; fine, 4.06c.; cut loaf and crushed, 5c.; cubes, 4½c.; soft white, 3¾@3½c.; extra C, 3½@3¾c.; yellows, 3@3½c.

SPICES.—Black pepper, 8½@9½c; white pepper, 16½@14c; red pepper, 17@20c; cloves, Amboyna, 18@19c; Zanzibar, 11@13c; cassia, 8@10c; Saigon, 30@35c; ginger, 14@16c; Cochin ginger, 14@17; Jamaica ginger, 19@22c; nutmegs, 55@65c; mace, 55@60c. Cream of tartar continues unchanged. Crystals 20@21c; ground and packed, for trade, 21@22c. Starch, potato 3½@3¾c; corn, 2@2½c; wheat, 5½@6c.

SEED.—$2 15@2 30 for timothy, $2 20@2 60 for red top, with recleaned at 9@9½c; clover, 10@11½c. Peas, $1.10@1.20 for best Canada, $1.05 for Northern green, and $1.15 for Western green. Hay, $16.50@17.50 for the best; lower grades, $12@15. Straw, $14.50@15 for rye, $8 50@9 for oat.

TEAS.—Japan teas, low grade, 12@14c; choice, 23@24c; low grade Amoy, 12@15c; good to medium, 16@20c; good medium, 21@23c; fine, 24@27c; finest, 28@32c; 13@15c for common; good, 16@17c; superior, 17@20c; Formosa, common, 16@23c; good, 23@25c; superior, 27@29c; fine, 33@35c; finest, 42@48c; choice, 48@52c; choicest, 55@60c.

TRUCK.—$2 per 2 bu bag for Egyptian onions, $1 per bbl for St. Andrews turnips; cabbage, $1.25; Bermuda onions, $2@2.15 per crate; new green beans, $1.25@1.50 per pkg; wax $1.25@1.50; tomatoes, $2@2.50 per crate, fancy higher. Peas, Balt., $1.50@1.75 per basket; native asparagus $3 per box.

The Cherokees, who are getting their money divided to them at Tallequah, Indian Territory, all want to buy guns and rifles, and the demand has exhausted the available supply.

Essex County Herald.

ISLAND POND, VT., JUNE 29.

OUR CANDIDATES.

FOR GOVERNOR:
URBAN A. WOODBURY of Burlington.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR:
ZOPHAR M. MANSUR of Brighton.

FOR TREASURER:
HENRY F. FIELD of Rutland.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE:
CHAUNCEY W. BROWNELL of Burlington.

FOR AUDITOR:
FRANKLIN D. HALE of Lunenburg.

REPRESENTATIVE TO CONGRESS, 2D DISTRICT:
W. W. GROUT of St. Johnsbury.

The State Republican Convention.

We gave briefly last week the result of the State Republican Convention, but inasmuch as it was of more than ordinary interest to the citizens of Essex County, we again refer to it, and give a few more particulars. The convention was composed of a fine and representative class of citizens. The address by Geo. M. Powers, son of Congressman Powers, president of the convention was an able and patriotic effort, and commanded the closest attention and admiration of the delegates who frequently interrupted him by long and continued applause. The nomination of Col. Mansur for Lieutenant Governor by Porter H. Dale of Island Pond was one of the best nominating speeches before the convention. It was his first effort in this line, and he acquitted himself in a manner that won the approval of the entire convention. The speech, too, had the additional merit of being brief, but it was effective.

Mr. Dale spoke substantially along the following line: He sketched the necessities of the hour which dictate the choice of our state officials; among them the condition of the country which lays the demand heavily upon us that we express our devotion to patriotism; the urgent need for leaders of practical business experience, familiar with legal requisites and legislative operations; to cope with financial depression. The call constantly heard from the people for a man to represent them, and who, not lacking sympathy and experience, will exert himself to meet their practical needs; and above all else the demand for one who will hold on his way through political controversies; constant in right purposes dictated by his own unimpeachable character. Mr. Dale then referred to his candidate as one fit to meet these conditions; as a man with whose life's record the state is so familiar as never to doubt his intention and ability. Here the speaker made personal mention of incidents and qualities in his life; from his start as the son of a sturdy northern farmer, through the toil and deprivation of his early years, his enlistment in the Army of the Potomac, the battle of Winchester and the consequent loss of his right arm, and his later struggles with the world; out of all which conditions he has risen to his present position. He made reference to the energy and purpose displayed in his life; his quarter century's record as a professional man, having had under his supervision as administrator of estates the largest amount of general farming and mercantile business ever controlled at one time by any other man in Essex County, and with business relationships existing throughout northern Vermont. Mr. Dale then spoke of his candidate as the representative of the people; one to whom they of Essex County had extended every honor and courtesy within their power, and now with a solid delegation they had come to present to the state convention, because of his loyalty to country and to party—because of his honor and ability as a lawyer and business man—because of the untarnished record of his character—and because they believe him a fit man for the position under the existing conditions to serve our state as Lieutenant Governor—Zophar M. Mansur of Brighton.

The nomination of Col. Mansur was seconded by Gen. Julius J. Estey of Brattleboro, Col. Fletcher Proctor of Proctor, Hon. P. K. Gleed of Morrisville, E. A. Howe of Ludlow, L. B. Cross of Montpelier, Maj. Josiah Grout of Derby, G. W. Randall of Waterbury and H. E. Parker of Bradford. The result of the ballot has already been given in these columns. The convention insisted upon the presence of the nominee, and his reception was unmistakably complimentary. He made a neat and happy speech of acceptance and was again warmly applauded.

Another feature of the convention, and of peculiar interest to Essex County was the nomination of Hon. Frank D. Hale of Lunenburg for State Auditor to succeed himself. Mr. Hale's name was presented to the convention by John H. Walbridge, Esq., of West Concord. He spoke in fitting terms of the able and conscientious manner in which Mr. Hale had performed the duties of the office, and the convention adopted this view and nominated Mr. Hale by acclamation. We have seldom seen Mr. Walbridge appear to better advantage. We also congratulate Mr. Hale in the deserved compliment paid him. It is a handsome recognition of the zeal and efficiency he has displayed in his work. Essex County has been well honored by the Republicans of Vermont and we are sure that the nominees above mentioned will devote their energy to give the State the best service at their command. All hail, "Gallant Little Essex."!

AMONG OUR NEIGHBORS.

BLOOMFIELD.

June 26.—Mrs. Charles Clough spent a part of last week at Gorham, N. H., with Mr. and Mrs. Lunt.

Mary Williams and W. Earle Fuller came home from Montpelier last week to spend their vacation.

During the thunder storm Monday of last week, lightning killed two cows and an ox belonging to Nelson Snow; it also struck Mrs. Dolley's house on Pleasant street and passed through the pantry into the shed.

S. O. Shoff spent Sunday with his wife at J. D. French's where she is keeping house for her mother who is visiting at Lancaster and Colebrook.

Russell Lunt came Saturday to spend a few days with his former playmates.

Mrs. McFadden and Mrs. Walter Armitage came last Saturday to visit with their sister Mrs. Alvin Taylor.

Rev. Roy Dinsmore went to Whitefield last week Monday and on his return Wednesday he was accompanied by Mrs. Dinsmore who but a few days before was known as Miss Babcock. They were received at the parsonage by Mrs. Holden and Miss Berry who had prepared tea for them. After tea they went to the church where quite a company of the people had met to receive them and offer congratulations and kind wishes and a pleasant journey through life. An hour was spent socially, during which refreshments consisting of ice cream and cake were served.

Good Reading at Small Cost.

PUBLIC OPINION, published at Washington, D. C., is a weekly journal devoted to the reproduction, in condensed form, of carefully selected magazine articles and of editorial comment from the representative daily and weekly press of all political parties and from all parts of the country. The readers of PUBLIC OPINION get *both sides of the question*. It is just the paper that the farmer and villager need for general reading. It keeps its readers fully abreast of the times and supplies them with the best thought of the day in the fields of Politics, Foreign Affairs, Sociology, Commerce, Finance, Religion, Science, Education, Art, and New Books. PUBLIC OPINION and the rural weekly supplement each other admirably. Together they give the farmer or villager and his family more of current news, editorial comment, and magazine literature than can be had in any other way for five times their cost. The price of PUBLIC OPINION has been reduced from $3.00 to $2.50 per year.

COLEBROOK, N. H.

June 26.—Lightning did slight damage at S. B. Whittemore's on Monday last.

You can get a square meal at Harry Legro's on Main street.

V. P. Day is able to drive about once more. He spent three weeks at the Maine Eye & Ear Infirmary, and under the skillful care of Dr. Holt is hoping to save his injured eye.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Buffington are visiting in town.

The Harper's Ferry Jubilee Singers at the M. E. Church on Friday evening delighted the audience. The proceeds of their singing tour will build and equip a college for their colored brothers in Virginia.

Mr. Harry Morrison's family are spending a few weeks at R. W. Danforth's.

Miss Phebe Cooper is confined to her bed.

Mrs. Robie and daughter are visiting with Mrs. V. F. Day. Mr. and Mrs. Walter Churchill are also visiting in town.

GUILDHALL.

June 26.—Miss Florence Cobleigh returned home Monday night from Boston to spend the summer.

Chas. Beach and Harlee Crown are home for a two weeks' vacation.

Mr. Guy Lamkin and wife of Boston, and Mr. Boyce of Barre were in Guildhall last week to attend the funeral of Mr. Guy L. Boyce.

The Republican County Convention is in session here today. The full list of forty delegates are present besides many others.

Mr. C. A. Godley, representing Beers & Co., of New York, was in town last week introducing a new school map of Vermont. The map is a fine one and we are glad to learn that our school board gave him an order for our schools.

Preparations are being made for a celebration on the fourth. We trust that it will be a success.

The abundant rains, followed by the unusually warm weather of the past ten days, has caused crops of all kinds to grow rapidly.

We had the pleasure last week of a tramp up Cape Horn where the view of the Connecticut Valley is unsurpassed. It is hard to find a place that, in its location and surrounding points of interest presents more varied and beautiful scenery than does Guildhall and its hills. It would be a splendid vacation resort if we had a first-class summer hotel.

LEMINGTON.

June 26.—Mrs. Louisa Royal who was thrown from her carriage and badly hurt on the 18th inst., is slowly recovering from the effects of the accident, but is still at her neighbor's near where the accident occurred being too lame and sore to be taken home.

Joel Munn has bought the Charles Cook farm for $2500, and will occupy the premises within a month.

Edward Blodgett has gone to visit friends in New Hampshire and Massachusetts.

Mrs. Mary Fuller closed a successful term of school on Sims Hill last Saturday.

NORTON.

June 26.—Mrs. Alexander is at her parents home in Rock Island for a week's visit.

Prof. Holmes is to help in the musical part of the programme on the 4th of July evening. He is a fine vocal instructor and his services will add greatly to the success of the evening.

That was a mistake last week about the jug and contents, miss-information was given.

Bring back, bring back,
O bring back my jug to me, to me;
Bring back, bring back,
O bring back that stolen jug to me!

The feast of St. John the Baptist was observed at St. Bernard's Church Sunday. The unusual number of musical selections made the service more impressive. A large congregation filled the church.

Truth crushed to earth shall rise again. Truly, a rake has hung in a tree three days without being numbered among the missing. Now return the silk handkerchief and numerous other articles. You will find the owner at the Stetson House.

Marriage echoes reach us again and this time we relate the marriage of Miss Lottie M. Wilson of Stanhope, Que., to Frederick W. Woodward of Averill, Vt. The ceremony took place at the residence of the bride's mother in Stanhope, at 8 o'clock Monday evening, June 18. A few invited guests were present, Rev. J. W. Gregory of Dixville tied the nuptial bonds.

Last Tuesday afternoon a large number of our town's ladies assembled at the home of Mrs. J. W. Hughes making her a genuine surprise visit. This most estimable lady wondered at the unusual number present and made inquiries. At a later time Mrs. Henry Marsh in behalf of St. Paul's Church and Society presented Mrs. Hughes with an elegant silver cake basket for her gratuitous services as organist; this somewhat explained matters. Mrs. Marsh made the presentation in a very acceptable manner with choice and fitting words for the occasion. Mrs. Hughes responded with heartfelt thanks in her quiet unassuming grace which makes her so much belored and respected by all. Refreshments were served consisting of cake and lemonade, then all bade adieu to their worthy hostess.

Miss Blanche Ewins closed a very successful term of school last Friday. This term makes 38 weeks of continuous work in the school which shows her ability as a teacher. The closing examinations were advanced work and the marks are good evidences of progress made by the pupils. The lemonade furnished and the paper read by the teacher were enjoyed by all, and all notices read were fully appreciated by those who heard their name called. Some of the parents were present at the closing exercises and all enjoyed the occasion. The teacher received some handsome presents which she fully appreciates, as well as the good will of all.

IN PRIVATE PRACTICE.

Such strong proofs of the marvelous cures made by Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy have been brought to public notice lately, through the various newspaper investigations, that it has become now the standard medicine for the diseases for which it is prepared.

Dr. G. H. Ingraham, of Amsterdam, N. Y., states, where the regular prescriptions used in a case of kidney disease and gravel utterly failed, he prescribed Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, and it cured the patient.

Dr. Wm. Smith, of Jewett's Heights, N. Y., prescribed Favorite Remedy for Mrs. Casper Brooks, of Athens, N. Y., who was suffering from kidney disease ulceration of the stomach, complicated with sickness peculiar to her sex; after the second day, steady improvement was noted, and finally permanent recovery.

Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy acts directly upon the kidneys, liver and blood, in cases of nervousness, dyspepsia, rheumatism and Bright's disease; it has made most pronounced cures, after all other treatments have failed. Druggists sell it.

H. F. FARNHAM & CO.,
DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, and
IMPORTERS OF GLASS,
Portland, Me.
GUY W. DAVIS, - - AGENT,
Island Pond, Vt.

Wednesday July 4.
LANCASTER, N. H.
Annual July Races
—OF THE—
LANCASTER DRIVING CLUB.
$600. IN PURSES $600.
For the following races:
10 a. m., Purse $75 for 3.00 class.
11 a. m., Purse $75 for 2.50 class
1.30 p. m., Purse $100 for 2.40 class.
2.30 p. m., Purse $150 for 2.32 class.
3.00 p. m. Purse $200 open to all horses.

Elegant Prizes for
BICYCLE RACES
Afternoon—½ Mile Open and 1 Mile Open.

Purses of $35.00 for
BASE BALL
To be divided between two nines.

MUSIC BY
PALMER'S BRASS BAND
of Whitefield, New Hampshire,
F. H. PALMER, Director

☞ Trains on the Maine Central will run between the Village and Grounds every 15 minutes.

ADMISSION WITH CHECKS OUT 50c.
GEO. E. STEVENS, Secretary.

DRESSMAKING
in all its branches. All work guaranteed. We also keep in stock a nice assortment of LININGS, and show samples of
Laces, Jets, Braid Trimmings,
and other furnishings. Your patronage solicited. Respectfully,
MRS. S. L. EMERSON & SON,
CLARKE'S BLOCK, (UPSTAIRS)
ISLAND POND. - - VERMONT.

MILLINERY!
A Choice Display of
Millinery Goods
In All Departments.
New and Attractive Designs.
I would invite the attention of the ladies of Island Pond and vicinity to my new and large stock of millinery goods, assuring them that no pains will be spared to meet their demands. I also keep in stock a nice line of Ladies Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Yarns, Fancy Work Materials, &c.
MISS ETHEL SADLEIR,
ISLAND POND, VT.

SPECIAL ENGAGEMENT.
LYLE'S PLAYERS
OPERA HALL,
Island Pond, Vermont.
THREE NIGHTS, COMMENCING
Thursday June 28,
—IN A—
GRAND REPERTOIRE
of the latest New York successes. Mr. Lyle takes pleasure in presenting to you a company of first-class professional ladies and gentlemen, introducing bright and sparkling
SPECIALTIES,
SONGS,
DANCES, ETC.
Popular Prices:
10, 20 and 30 cts.
Come and enjoy an evening of rare entertainment.
Reserved seats for sale at Thurston's Drug Store
Richard Lyle, Sole Proprietor,
H. Bingham Collins, Bus. Man.

THE DEERING IDEA
Mowing Machines
running on bicycle ball bearing are the lightest running mowing machines on earth. These are the first and only machines ever made running on ball bearings.
FOR SALE BY
E. A. BEMIS, Island Pond, Vt.

COURT OF INSOLVENCY.

STATE OF VERMONT, DISTRICT OF ESSEX. } In the matter of Charles D. Nichols of Island Pond, Insolvent Debtor.

Take Notice that Charles D. Nichols of Island Pond, in said District, did on the 13th day of June, 1894, file in this Court his petition for adjudication of insolvency, and that a meeting of creditors of said insolvent debtor will be held at a Court of Insolvency, at the Probate Office in Island Pond, in said District, on the 12th day of July, 1894, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate; and that the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said debtor, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law.

Dated at Island Pond this 15th day of June 1894. D. S. STORRS, Judge.

ESTATE OF THOMAS HUTSON.

The undersigned, having been appointed by the Hon. Probate Court for the District of Essex, Commissioners, to receive, examine, and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Thomas Hutson, late of Averill, in said District, deceased, and all claims exhibited in offset thereto, hereby give notice that we will meet for the purposes aforesaid, at his late residence in said Averill, on the 14th day of July, and 11th day of December next, from 9 o'clock a. m. until 4 p. m. each of said days, and that six months from the 14th day of May A. D. 1894, is the time limited by said Court for said creditors to present their claims to us for examination and allowance.

Dated at Averill, Vt., this 14th day of June A. D. 1894.

JOHN CONWAY, } Commissioners.
W. W. LINDSAY, }

Did you hear
Something Drop?

Well, there has been a decided drop in the prices of all our
Summer Goods.
Our assortments were never so large and varied. Our prices never so low.

We can supply almost any want. The easiest way to make money is to save it in buying. You will miss the greatest bargains that were ever offered by any firm in this town if you miss seeing the Summer Dress Goods on our counters and shelves, some of the prettiest that ever crossed the ocean, from 3 cents a yard and upwards.

Ladies' Kid Opera Slippers only 42 cents a pair.

It takes pluck to sell them at this price, but we are the people that have the pluck.

CALL AND EXAMINE GOODS AND PRICES AT
The Leading Dry Goods & Clothing Store
OF STERN BROTHERS,
ISLAND POND, VERMONT.

NEW FIRM!
A. BARTLETT & SON
are now settled at the old store lately bought of BARTLETT & ROBINSON, and are offering Bargains in all Departments of their large and varied stock of goods.

New and Seasonable goods
are being constantly received at prices that mean a saving to the buyer. There never has been a time in the memory of man when so many lines of goods were as low as now.

We carry a complete line of FLOUR. Washburn's Superlative is unexcelled for bread and needs no words of commendation. Everyone knows it. Our Winter wheats are never excelled, and rarely equalled, and, if possible, are better this year than ever before.

We have just received our first installment of
WALL AND CEILING PAPER!
which are beautiful in design and low in price.

It is not necessary to mention our stock of
DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, FOOTWEAR, HEADWEAR, GROCERIES, &c.,
as you all know our store is full of goods, notwithstanding the large amount delivered daily. We invite all to step over the threshold to our store and see for yourselves, and you will find us anxious to show our stock, and take no offence if you do not buy.

A. BARTLETT & SON, Island Pond, Vt.

S. C. STREETER,
PENSION ATTORNEY, and NOTARY PUBLIC.
EAST CHARLESTON, VERMONT.
All business promptly attended to.

J. W. THURSTON,
—DEALER IN—
DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS,
Fancy and Toilet Articles,
PERFUMERY,
BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS, STATIONERY,
SCHOOL SUPPLIES, ETC.
Choice Tobacco and Cigars.
Physicians Prescriptions carefully compounded, and orders answered with care and dispatch.
Main Street, Island Pond, Vt.

J. H. LINEHAN & CO.,
DRUGGISTS & APOTHECARIES,
ISLAND POND, VT.
A full line of
PURE DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,
FANCY AND TOILET ARTICLES,
PERFUMERY, SCHOOL SUPPLIES,
Etc., Etc., Etc.
CIGARS, AND SMOKERS SUNDRIES.
☞ Prescriptions carefully compounded, and satisfaction guaranteed.
CROSS STREET, ISLAND POND, VT.

W. I. SCHOFF,
—DEALER IN—
PURE DRUGS and MEDICINES.
PERFUMERY AND TOILET ARTICLES,
BOOKS AND STATIONERY
Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.
A nice stock of WATCHES, CLOCKS and ROGER BROS.' SILVERWARE. Repairing a specialty.
MILEAGE on M. C., B. & M., and G. T. Railroads for sale or to rent.
W. I. SCHOFF, Canaan, Vt.

If You Like
Your Linen
Well Laundried,
send a trial order to the DIRIGO STEAM LAUNDRY, Mechanic Falls, Me. All kinds of Laundry Work done up in the best style and at low prices. Orders should be left with the undersigned, at the store of Geo. H. Fitzgerald.
A. L. FARMER, Island Pond, Vt.,
AGENT FOR
DIRIGO STEAM LAUNDRY.

Surely, the
Under dog in a fight
Deserves the
Best wishes of everybody;
Usually he gets them.
Remember this when
You are going to buy a
Cigar, and
Inquire for a
Good one.
Accept only the SUDBURY.
Result—
Satisfaction.

ARE YOU INSURED?
If not, remember, there is not another policy issued by any Company in the world combining all features so favorable to the insured as the Accumulation Policy of the
NEW YORK LIFE.
It has no condition or restriction as to residence, travel, occupation, suicide, dueling, or death in violation of law.
It is absolutely incontestable if in force one year.
It gives 30 days grace in payment of premium, and keeps the policy in force during the thirty days.
It loans policy holders money at the rate of five per cent per annum.
The New York Life does the largest life insurance business of any company in the world.
Assets, $148,700,781.21.
Surplus, 17,625,630.18.
M. N. BLANCHARD, AGENT,
ISLAND POND, VT.

MEN WANTED To take orders. No delivering or collecting. Experience not necessary. Steady employment. Best terms. Write at once and secure choice of territory.
ALLEN NURSERY CO., Rochester, N. Y.

$40.00 PER WEEK
FOR
WILLING WORKERS
of either sex, any age, in any part of the country, at the employment which we furnish. You need not be away from home over night. You can give your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. As capital is not required you run no risk. We supply you with all that is needed. It will cost you nothing to try the business. Any one can do the work. Beginners make money from the start. Failure is unknown with our workers. Every hour you labor you can easily make a dollar. No one who is willing to work fails to make more money every day than can be made in three days at any ordinary employment. Send for free book containing the fullest information.
H. HALLETT & CO.,
Box 880,
PORTLAND, MAINE.

Maine Central R. R.

To and from Quebec, Colebrook, North Stratford, Lancaster North Conway, Boston, Portland, and all points in the State of Maine and Maritime Provinces.

In effect June 3d, 1894.

TRAINS LEAVE North Stratford as follows: For Colebrook and Beecher Falls at 9.00 a. m., 6.52 and 10.00 p. m.

For Cookshire, Dudswell Junction and Lime Ridge at 10.00 p. m.

For Quebec 10.00 p. m.

For Lancaster and Quebec Junction, 2.10 and 6.30 a. m., and 2.35 p. m.

For Portland and all points east 2.10 a. m., and 2.35 p. m.

For Boston, via Portland, 2.10 a. m., arriving in Boston at 1.00 p. m. Via North Conway, 2.10 a. m., arriving in Boston at 1.00 p. m

GEO. F. BLACK, Div. Supt., LANCASTER, N. H.
F. E. BOOTHBY, G. T. & P. A., PORTLAND, ME
PAYSON TUCKER, V. P. and Gen. Manager.

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MACHINERY
FOR SALE.
One forty horse power engine, one forty horse power boiler with fire box attached; one boiler of 36 horse power, which would have to be laid in brick, and a lot of shafting pulleys, pump, inspirator, and a lot of other machinery too numerous to mention. The above has been taken out of A. M. Stetson's mill in Boston, and will be sold cheap. Also one Wood's planer; will plane and match from one inch to four inches thick, and is in good condition.
Also for farming purposes, about
20,000 ACRES
Good Farming Lands
To actual settlers, with plenty of time pay for the same. Said lands are conveniently located, and are easily accessible to schools and railroad stations. Also
A MILL TO LET
which runs by water power the year round with 60 horse power engine attached. A good place to manufacture hard wood, the latter being very abundant in the immediate vicinity. For further particulars apply to
A. M. STETSON
BOSTON MASS.

HASKELL & JONES,
Fashionable Tailors,
—AND—
Importers of Fine Woolens,
470 CONGRESS STREET,
(Opposite Preble House,)
PORTLAND, - - MAINE.
We keep nothing but the
FINEST GOODS,
Which are made up by practical and experienced workmen, and trimmed in the most approved style.
☞ Orders from a distance promptly attended to.
All Work Warranted
—AND—
Satisfaction Guaranteed.
A Card—Mr. J. H. Grant, our Cutter and Salesman, will visit Island Pond at least twice each year, with the latest samples and fashions, oftener if requested when four or more desire suits. Due notice of each visit will be given in the local columns of this paper. When in Portland call and see us.
Respectfully,
HASKELL & JONES.

O. H. HENDERSON,
TICKET AGENT,
Boston & Maine Railway,
ST. JOHNSBURY, VT.
Tickets via the First-class Routes to Points West and South and via Trans-Atlantic Lines to and from European Points. Baggage Checked Through. Sleeping Car Accommodations secured in advance.

L. T. WILLIAMS,
LAND SURVEYOR
—AND—
TIMBER LAND EXPLORER.
Twenty-five years experience in New Brunswick, Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont. Can give accurate estimates by methods not known to others. Compass Surveys a Specialty. Postoffice Address, North Stratford, N. H.

S. P. MAXIM & SON,
—Manufacturers and Dealers in—
DOORS, WINDOWS, BLINDS,
Mouldings, Stair Rail, Balusters, Newels, Ash and Pine Sheathing, Window and Door Frames, Brackets, Pickets, etc., etc.
Outside windows made to order. Keystones in stock. All goods at Portland Wholesale Prices. SOUTH PARIS, ME.

LANCASTER
MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS,
V. V. WHITNEY & CO., Proprietors
Lancaster, N. H.
Manufacturers of and Dealers in all kinds of First-class Cemetery Work.
☞ All work warranted to give satisfaction.

We have a new line of
ALL
WOOL
SUITINGS
for $20 worth $25.

PANTS FOR $5.00.

Samples sent on application.

P. T. MURRAY, Cutter,
J. A. BUCKNAM & CO.,
MECHANIC FALLS, ME.

SAVINGS BANK.

The ISLAND POND NATIONAL BANK has opened a Savings Bank Department for the purpose of receiving the savings and accumulations of all classes of depositors.

Deposits will be received on the following terms:

The smallest sum put on interest shall be ONE DOLLAR and no fractional part of a dollar shall draw interest.

Deposits made during the first four days of the month will draw interest from the first day of the month, deposits made after the fourth will draw interest from the first day of the following month.

No interest will be paid on any sum withdrawn, for the time elapsed since the last interest period.

Interest will be paid at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum, payable May 1st and November 1st of each year.

Notice of 15 days must be given to the Bank of the withdrawal of $300 or more.

Interest not called for will be credited to the depositor, thus compounding twice a year without trouble or care on the part of the depositor.

This bank has boxes in its fire proof vaults for storage of valuable papers, etc., to rent at reasonable rates.

E. C. ROBINSON, President.

A. K. DARLING Cashier

HUMPHREYS'

Dr. Humphreys' Specifics are scientifically and carefully prepared Remedies, used for years in private practice and for over thirty years by the people with entire success. Every single Specific a special cure for the disease named.

They cure without drugging, purging or reducing the system and are in fact and deed the Sovereign Remedies of the World.

	Cures.	Prices.
1–	Fevers, Congestions, Inflammations	.25
2–	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic	.25
3–	Teething; Colic, Crying, Wakefulness	.25
4–	Diarrhea, of Children or Adults	.25
7–	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis	.25
8–	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache	.25
9–	Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo	.25
10–	Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Constipation	.25
11–	Suppressed or Painful Periods	.25
12–	Whites, Too Profuse Periods	.25
13–	Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness	.25
14–	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions	.25
15–	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains	.25
16–	Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague	.25
19–	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head	.25
20–	Whooping Cough	.25
27–	Kidney Diseases	.25
28–	Nervous Debility	1.00
30–	Urinary Weakness	.25
31–	Sore Throat, Quinsy, Ulcerated Throat	.25

HUMPHREYS' WITCH HAZEL OIL, "The Pile Ointment."–Trial Size, 25 Cts.

Sold by Druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Dr. Humphreys' Manual, (144 pages,) mailed free.

HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., NEW YORK.

SPECIFICS.

GEORGE PLUMMER,

Postmaster and respected citizen of Lisbon Falls, Me., testifies to the merits of Groder's Syrup. . . . .

Gentlemen:—I am 67 years old. Last year I was all run down. My appetite was poor. I was constipated by spells, was bloated, and I feared I was going to have dropsy. It was a burden for me to walk from the office to my home. I was short of breath, was weak, and I would have palpitation of the heart. In fact, I was in a very critical condition. Now I can attend to my business, and it is a pleasure for me. I can walk from my house to the office without the least fatigue, and can truthfully say I feel well, and Groder's Syrup has cured me. I cheerfully and willingly give this testimonial, hoping others who are troubled as I was will give it a trial. I cannot recommend it too highly. Yours respectfully,

GEORGE PLUMMER, P.M.

WHY

it is that so many of the pale, weak, emaciated people are becoming strong, healthy and hearty again, causes much surprise and wonder to their neighbors. Perhaps you already know the reason.

There is nothing so surprisingly wonderful about it after all. It is simply the result of natural laws—no more. In Nature's laboratory are stored certain roots, herbs and vegetable products, the very ingredients NECESSARY to CURE these very common ills. These ingredients have been combined and are sold under the name of

Bagley's Dandelion Compound,

a positive remedy for all diseases of the blood, stomach, liver and kidneys.

The dandelion and other ingredients make it the most effective Alterative Tonic Blood Purifier that the medical profession can devise.

The action of its several ingredients COMPEL THIS REMEDY TO CURE. It works this way:

IT IS CLEANSING.

Starts right at the cause of the trouble and cleans it out of the system thoroughly: then

IT IS HEALING.

After ridding the system of the cause of the trouble, it then heals all traces of disease that may be left, and any of its scars or wounds; beyond that

IT IS FOOD.

And being food it builds up the entire system so that it is safe from further attacks of disease.

In short, it makes you well and keeps you well.

It will build flesh rapidly, round out the person of this and delicate mould into the perfect form of healthy man and womanhood, and will give to the skin the soft, delicate tints of perfect beauty—and beauty is only possible to the perfectly healthy.

Your druggists will sell it with the proprietor's guarantee for $1.00 a bottle, or 6 bottles, $5.00.

PREPARED ONLY BY

THE BAGLEY DANDELION CO.

ST. JOHNSBURY, VT.

LOCAL BUSINESS NOTICES.

W. H. Bishop, Notary Public with seal. At HERALD office.

TICKETS

To all points west over any railroad; also mileage tickets on all principal railroads, for sale by

A. K. DARLING, Island Pond, Vt.

Fruit culture is more profitable to the farmer now than his other crops. Brown Bros. Co., the most extensive nursery house in the U. S., have a vacancy in this section. Write them at Rochester, N. Y., for their terms.

Send twelve cents in postage stamps to 39 Corcoran Building, Washington, D. C., and you will receive four copies of Kate Field's Washington containing matter of special interest. Give name and address, and say where you saw this advertisement.

L. H. Jenks, dentist, will be at the Essex House, Wednesday July 4, remaining one day.

FOR SALE.

House, barn and one half acre of land. For particulars apply to

F. J. EMERY, Island Pond, Vt.

TOWN TOPICS.

Special Republican County Convention.

The Republican voters in Essex County are hereby notified to meet in convention by their delegates at the Court House in Guildhall, Friday July 6, at 10 o'clock a. m. to nominate a candidate for Senator, the candidate already nominated being ineligible to the office.

Delegates to this special convention should be chosen, at a caucus called for the purpose, on the same basis as heretofore, and they will provide themselves with the usual credentials signed by the Secretary of the caucus electing them.

The apportionment is as follows: Bloomfield 3, Brighton 5, Brunswick 3, Canaan 4, Concord 4, East Haven 3, Granby 3, Guildhall 3, Lemington 2, Lunenburg 4, Maidstone 2, Norton 2, Victory 3.

Per Order,

REPUBLICAN COUNTY COMMITTEE.

OIL STOVES 1, 2 & 3 WICKS AT VALLEE'S.

Look at the label on your paper, and if it indicates that you are in arrears, this is an invitation to you to pay up at once.

Ten carloads of pilgrims from Lewiston, Me., and vicinity passed through here by special train last Friday evening, en route to St. Anne de Beaupre.

By an oversight (not the HERALD's) the firm of Stern Brothers was omitted from the list of taxpayers published last week as paying tax of over $50. This firm pays $75.00 taxes.

The Jubilee Singers were not greeted by a very large audience last Saturday evening. The entertainment was up to the high standard for which the troupe is noted, and was heartily enjoyed by all who heard it.

Island Pond has no postmaster now owing to the death of Mr. Arba Joy. A number of candidates are in the field for the position, and among those most prominently mentioned are A. O. Dechene, Frank P. Smith, M. T. Flaherty and O. S. Eaton. Either would effectually fill the bill.

Bishop Hall of the Vermont Diocese will make his first visit to Christ Church Friday evening of this week, June 29. Evening Prayer will be said and the rite of Confirmation administered, followed by a sermon by the Bishop. Service will commence at 7.30, and the public are most cordially invited.

OIL STOVES 1, 2 & 3 WICKS AT VALLEE'S.

Posters are out for the Lancaster races July 4th, particulars of which will be found in our advertising columns. $600 in purses, elegant prizes for bicycle races, purse of $35 for base ball game, music by Palmer's Brass Band of Whitefield, N. H., are some of the attractions offered. See their advertisement.

The HERALD is sorry to report that Charles D. Nichols, the jeweler, has filed a petition for adjudication of insolvency. He has had to contend with much sickness, lost his only child, and the general depression in business, especially his line of business, has proved too much for him. The first meeting of creditors will be held at the Probate Court on Thursday, July 12, to choose an assignee.

The usual summer schedule of trains on the Grand Trunk went into effect last Monday, and is somewhat similar to that of last summer. The eastern mail train now leaves at 6 a. m., and the western at 6.05 a. m. The night mail arrives at 7.45 instead of 8.20, and the midnight trains between Montreal and Portland are again in operation. The patrons of this road now have an excellent train service.

At the Democratic Caucus held Saturday evening June 23, S. D. Morse, G. H. Vallee and E. E. Gonya were elected delegates, and M. A. Covico, T. S. Hall and C. L. Lang alternates to the State Convention to be held at Burlington June 28. The same persons were elected delegates to the District Convention at the same place and date. A. O. Dechene, C. M. Dyer and W. G. Vallee were elected Town Committee. A resolution was adopted expressing regret at the death of Arba Joy.

Peddlers have come to be a nuisance here, and our merchants are injured by their operations. They come as regularly as the pay car comes. Of course it might be said that people need not buy of these irresponsible fellows who, paying no taxes, get what they can from a town and then move on; but the proper way to remedy this growing evil is for the village to impose a license on all peddlers and in this way make them contribute to the support of the privileges they now enjoy free of cost.

ESSEX COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Democrats to meet at Guildhall, Tuesday, July 10.

The Democratic legal voters in Essex County are requested to meet in Mass Convention at the Court House in Guildhall,

Tuesday, July 10,

at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Senator and other county offices, to be voted for at the next September election; also to elect a county committee, and to transact any other business that may come before the convention. Per Order,

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY COM.

We are pleased to see Henry E. Fitzgerald among us once more and to note the marked improvement in his health. He has been an inmate of the Eye and Ear Infirmary at Portland, Me., for some time past.

The visit of the Jubilee Singers was highly appreciated. The praise service at the M. E. Church Sunday evening under the direction of Rev. A. W. Adams was enjoyed by a crowded house. Sunday morning Mr. Adams preached a sweet spirited and instructive gospel sermon.

Berlin is offering large inducements this year for visitors for the fourth. The programme is filled with unique attractions, the entries for the races are unusually well filled and the ball game will also be a great attraction. Half fare has been secured on all railroads. There will be entertainment and room for all.

Mr. Arba Joy, postmaster of Island Pond, had an apoplectic shock last Thursday night and died Friday afternoon, aged 73 years. Funeral services were held last Sunday afternoon, conducted by Rev. Geo. O. Howe. Mr. Joy was one of our oldest and most respected citizens. The family and a large circle of friends will mourn his loss.

Sunday Services at Grace M. E. Church.
At 10.30 a. m. Love Feast.
At 11 a. m. Sermon; Theme, Looking Up.—Psa. 5:3. To be followed by the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper.
At 12.15 p. m. Sunday School.
At 3.00 p. m. Band of Hope.
At 7 p. m. Praise Service and Sermon for young people; Theme, A Picture of the Early Christians.
To these services all are welcome.

GEO. O. HOWE, Pastor.

Essex Lodge No. 13, I. O. O. F., observed last Sunday as Memorial Day. Assembling at the lodge room at 4 p. m., the brethren, to the number of about 50, marched to the cemetery where, around the grave of Brother J. C. Rawson, the usual ritual service, tender in its allusion to the dead, and strong in its call to the living, was given by Noble Grand W. P. Stevens, Chaplain J. C. Fogg offering prayer. Then followed the decoration of the graves, ten in number. This duty performed the brethren returned to the hall where Brother Geo. N. Dale gave an eloquent and most appropriate address, such an one as only he is capable of giving. It was a timely and fitting close to the exercises. A few lines would give no possible conception of its beauty, and as we hope to publish it in full (next week or the week after) in accordance with the very general wish of those who heard it we refrain from further mention. The day's exercises were carried out in a solemn and reverential manner befitting the occasion.

OIL STOVES 1, 2 & 3 WICKS AT VALLEE'S.

The news of Col. Mansur's nomination for Lieutenant Governor was at once flashed to Island Pond from Montpelier, and the citizens, irrespective of party, soon had the cannon thundering out its salute. One of the foremost and most enthusiastic in this matter was a prominent democrat, but it was not politics that prompted the move, it was respect for a fellow townsman. When Col. Mansur arrived home on Thusday the cannon again belched forth in his honor, and many citizens were waiting at the station to greet him and extend congratulations. In the evening a large number of townspeople assembled at his residence for a similar purpose, and here again were representatives of both great political parties eager to extend congratulations. Once more did Prof. Dale voice the sentiments of the community in informing the Colonel of the meaning of the demonstration, and again did the latter make a felicitous response. Refreshments were served and a most enjoyable evening was spent. A number of congratulatory telegrams and letters were received by Col. Mansur, among others from Senator Proctor, Gov. Fuller, Lieutenant Governor Stranahan, Ex-Gov. Ormsbee, Hon. C. B. Jordan of Lancaster, N. H., Col. W. R. Rowell of Methuen, Mass., Rev. Howard F. Hill of Concord, N. H., Gen. C. F. Branch, Col. M. O. Perkins, Col. M. J. Horton, Col. Hugh Henry, Col. A. A. Hall, Col. J. H. Goulding, Capt. A. A. Niles, Dr. D. F. Rugg, Dr. H. Boynton, Hon. W. R. Page, Hon. W. R. Sturtevant, Hon. D. H. Lewis, F. Joyce, Esq., Boston, Hon. H. P. Sherwin, Col. A. H. Butterfield, Hon. A. B. Nelson, Col. A. O. Gates, Maj. S. H. Wood, Col. E. C. Smith.

There are half a dozen reasons why our readers will be delighted at the announcement that Paine's Furniture Co., 48 Canal St., Boston, will deliver goods, for the next three months, to any town in New England, free of expense. In the first place, Paine's is the largest retail furniture house in the United States, and offers a superb stock from which to make selection. Then, too, one can secure better and later styles. You can get new and fresh goods. You will get goods at lower prices, and they will be different from the furniture in any other house in this section. Paine's is a strictly one price house, and goods may be safely ordered by catalogue, which is mailed on receipt of five 2-cent stamps, with the assurance that they will be right in quality, and sold for the same figure in every case.

OIL STOVES 1, 2 & 3 WICKS AT VALLEE'S.

For County news see second page.

Fred R. Sadleir, night agent at the G. T. R. station, is enjoying a two weeks vacation.

The Stewards of Grace M. E. Church are invited to meet at the parsonage Saturday evening at 7.30.

The road commissioner and his crew the past week have made several much needed repairs at the upper end of Derby street.

After ten years absence from Island Pond Miss Inez Dale returns to visit relatives and friends for a season, and it is needless to add that she finds a most hearty welcome everywhere.

Jacob Stern adopted a novel method with his customers last Saturday, which he made a special bargain day, furnishing all purchasers with ice cream. This week he gives a prize to every purchaser, which will range in value according to the purchase.

A number of our people are planning to join with the neighboring town of Lancaster in celebrating the 4th. Our friends in that enterprising little city are making up an attractive programme, and will do their utmost to entertain and please all visitors.

The postal note has ceased to exist and the fee for money orders have been reduced as follows: For $2.50 or less 3 cents; $2.50 to $5, 5 cents; $5 to $10, 8 cents; $10 to $20, 10 cents; $20 to $30, 12 cents; $30 to $40, 15 cents; $40 to $50, 18 cents; $50 to $60, 20 cents; $60 to $75, 25 cents; $75 to $100, 30 cents.

We invite the attention of the Republicans of Essex County to the call for a special County Convention, to be held Friday July 6 at 10 o'clock a. m., the reasons therefor being given in the call. Town Committees will have to call new caucuses to elect delegates to this Convention, and the caucuses should be called immediately.

The seventeenth annual ball at the Willoughby Lake House occurs next Wednesday. Each succeeding year attests the popularity of these annual gatherings at this noted resort, and this year will be no exception. Mrs. Richardson does not do things by halves, and will spare no pains to give pleasure to her guests, consequently all who attend will have a thoroughly enjoyable time. Music will be furnished by Blair's orchestra.

OIL STOVES 1, 2 & 3 WICKS AT VALLEE'S.

Lyle's Players whose advertisement appears in another column comes to Island Pond highly recommended as a first-class company. They commence a three nights' engagement this Thursday evening in the great play of "The Wanderer's Return". Popular prices prevail, 10, 20 and 30 cents, which with the excellent programme offered each evening should attract large audiences. Reserved seat tickets are now on sale at Thurston's drug store. See advt. for full particulars.

Now that we have the Young Ladies' Gymnasium it seems the next thing in order would be a Ladies' Driving Club. There is every inducement and opportunity for such an organization as may be seen any favorable afternoon or evening. The spirited steeds, the enthusiastic drivers, and the courage and dexterity shown might well excite the envy of the sterner sex. The era of Woman's Rights is surely upon us and high in the ascendency of its splendor, despite the caricatures of Judge and Puck at this time, they depicting nothing but grave absurdities and inconveniences in the near future on this great question.

SUDDEN DEATH OF E. C. ROBINSON.

Never have the people of this vicinity been so suddenly and universally shocked as they were last Tuesday morning, at the sudden death of our townsman, E. C. Robinson. His relations, business and social, to every portion of our community were so numerous and varied that the startling news agitated every heart as it suddenly passed from one to another. About half-past ten in the morning he was walking about the streets of our village, here and there directing about his various interests, when feeling a little indisposed he walked a short distance to his residence, and in about ten minutes from the time he started he was dead in his house. He was conscious when the doctor, who was hastily summoned, arrived, and with characteristic coolness and judgment remarked that he should not survive the attack. The gloom cast upon the community is deepened by the fact that nearly all of his numerous relatives, at the time of his death, were in different parts of the country pursuing their avocations and journeys with no apprehension of this or any other like affliction. So intimate were his relations in one way and another with the whole community that it feels the affliction like as it would if it was one family and had lost one of its principal members. Of course in saying this we are not unmindful of the fact that there is a little tender group in the midst of it all who feel this sudden bereavement deeper than it is possible for all to know or experience; but business stopped, and business men stood mute, as though nature itself had been suspended. The whole workings of the business relations of our little community were paralyzed and disarranged, and all hearts were turned in sympathy, and in all the consolation which human impulses can afford toward the little family who were so suddenly and peculiarly afflicted. A more extended notice of this sad event and of our late esteemed citizen will be given when time, opportunity and calmer reflection shall permit. Funeral services at the house Friday morning at 9 o'clock, after which the remains will be taken to Derby Centre for interment, the services at the grave occurring at 2 p. m.

BRIGHTON REPUBLICAN CAUCUS.

A caucus of the Republican Voters of the Town of Brighton is hereby called to be held at Z. M. Mansur's office, Saturday evening, June 30, at 7.30 o'clock to choose five delegates and five alternates to attend the Special County Convention to be held at Guildhall, Friday, July 6. Per Order,

REPUBLICAN TOWN COMMITTEE.

The Island Pond Debating Club is growing. Two new members were admitted at the meeting held last week.

You will be interested in reading Stern Brothers new advertisement this week. Some prices quoted will astonish you. Their store is certainly headquarters for bargains just now.

In the annual prize speaking contest of St. Johnsbury Academy, held in Music Hall, St. Johnsbury, last week, the first prize was awarded to L. Burton Jones of Island Pond. Burt's many friends here congratulate him most heartily and are greatly pleased at his success.

The HERALD regrets to learn that Rev. E. G. French has declined the call extended him to become the pastor of the Congregational Church, preferring to remain in his present charge at Guildhall. The good people of Guildhall are to be congratulated in their pastor's choice; it speaks volumes for the amicable relations existing between pastor and people. Island Pond's loss is Guildhall's gain.

OIL STOVES 1, 2 & 3 WICKS AT VALLEE'S.

Republican County Convention.

We have neither time nor space to do more than give the general result of the Republican County Convention, which convened at Guildhall last Tuesday the 26th inst. The convention was organized by the choice of J. Henry Beattie of Brunswick as chairman, and W. H. Bishop of Island Pond as secretary. Every town in the county had its full delegation present, and there were a considerable number of interested spectators in attendance. Several ballots were necessary for some of the principal offices, but for Judge of Probate, the present incumbent, Hon. D. S. Storrs of Island Pond, was unanimously renominated. Appended is the result of the balloting:

Senator—Porter H. Dale of Island Pond.
Assistant Judges—First, Fred A. Turner of Lunenburg; Second, Henry Lee of Guildhall.
Judge of Probate—D. S. Storrs of Island Pond.
State's Attorney—F. A. Brewer of West Concord.
Sheriff—O. D. Colleigh of West Concord.
High Bailiff—F. A. Roby of Bloomfield.
County Commissioner—Charles W. Matthews of Granby.
County Committee—E. M. Bartlett of Island Pond, F. A. Brewer of West Concord, J. H. Beattie of Brunswick, Carlos Green of Canaan, F. C. Currier of Lunenburg.

These resolutions were adopted:

RESOLVED, by the delegates, representing the Republicans of Essex County, in convention assembled, that in the Hon. George N. Dale of Island Pond we feel that we have one of the foremost men in the State; a man of great ability, sterling integrity, an unimpeachable character, and republicanism as enduring as our granite hills; and we regret that it has seemed best to him to check in its spontaneous growth the sentiment that he must represent us in the next Senate of the State.

RESOLVED, That this convention adopt the resolutions passed by the last Republican State Convention.

RESOLVED, That we congratulate our citizens, Col. Z. M. Mansur on his nomination as Lieutenant Governor, and Hon. Franklin D. Hale in his renomination by acclamation for State Auditor.

RESOLVED, That we hereby pledge our hearty support to the nominees of the State, District and County conventions.

Before adjourning a discussion arose as to the desirability of calling the next convention as a mass convention. The discussion was participated in by several, delegates and spectators, but the convention instructed the County Committee to call the next convention as a delegate convention, the apportionment of delegates to be based on the same representation as that governing the convention of 1894. Ringing speeches were made by H. W. Lund, Esq., of Canaan, and Hon. F. D. Hale of Lunenburg, after which the convention adjourned. We will give the town committees in a future issue. Before closing this report the HERALD would ask that every voter take a personal interest in the campaign so auspiciously opened and labor for the success of those ideas that will best advance the best interests of our common weal, and the influence will, we feel certain, be seen in an increased republican vote.

BORN.

REEDHAM. In Island Pond, June 26, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Needham.

DIED.

ROBINSON. In Island Pond, June 26, suddenly, of heart disease, Mr. Eber C. Robinson aged 61 years.

JOY. In Island Pond, June 22, of apoplexy, Mr. Arba Joy, aged 73 years.

FLOUR!
$3.75 per Barrel.

Each
Barrel
Warranted.

Note the New Firm.
GEO. H. FITZGERALD,
ISLAND POND, VT.

ABOVE COMPARISON!

We have the finest line in town of
LADIES' KID GLOVES. Our departments of
DRY GOODS, BOOTS and SHOES, HATS,
FURNISHINGS, ETC.,
were never more complete than at present, and all goods will bear close inspection. Headquarters for CHOICE CONFECTIONERY.

AGENT FOR EASTMAN BROS. & BANCROFT'S SAMPLES.

G. E. CLARKE, ISLAND POND, VERMONT.

Note What We Have To Sell!

We have the largest stock of HARDWARE, FURNITURE, STOVES, Furnaces, Glassware, Farming Implements, &c. Oil Stoves, 1, 2 and 3 wick, with oven top and flat iron heaters. Refrigerators, Screens, Screen Doors, with pull and hinges only $1.30. Hose, Reels and Nozzles, 50 feet hose with nozzle, warranted for one year, $4.50. A new and handsome lot of Red Glassware. Dinner Set of 112 pieces for $10. Crockery of all kinds, 5c and 10c glassware, wagons, carts, wheelbarrows, Velocipedes, Baby Carriages, doll carriages, clothes reels, butter stamps, butter workers, butter tubs, Churns, Jordan's Rakes and Hoes. Cultivators, Plows, Horse Rakes, Mowing Machines, Lawn Mowers, potato hoes, hay tedders, barbed wire and poultry netting, &c., &c. All at prices lower than ever sold before. Hanging lamps, Window Shades, sash rods, a large assortment of Poles and Portieres, sham holders, BEDSTEADS, MATTRESSES, CHAMBER SUITS, PARLOR SUITS, FANCY CHAIRS, SIDEBOARDS, Dining Tables and Chairs, Couches, Lounges, Carpets and Oil Cloths, wringers, pulp tubs and pails, croquet sets, &c. Brick, Lime, Hair, Cement; Drain Pipe, Lead and Iron Pipe, Sheathing Paper, Nails, &c. We have just got in a carload of Nails, and it will pay intending builders to get our prices before purchasing elsewhere. Agents for the celebrated Medal Brand Felt Roofing. Jacks to let

VALLEE BROTHERS, ISLAND POND, VT.

OUR STOCK IS THE LARGEST. OUR PRICES THE LOWEST. OUR TERMS THE EASIEST

BAILEY'S MUSIC ROOMS

ST. JOHNSBURY AND BURLINGTON, VT.

Largest Dealers in

Pianos and Organs

and Musical Merchandise North of Boston.

For catalogue and prices address

G. R MAGOON, Coos, N. H.

☞ A good second hand Piano and two second hand Organs for sale at a bargain.

GRAND OPENING!

COME AND SEE!

As the Summer is so near at hand we need room for articles that will be of the greatest interest and use to the people. We now offer our

Goods at a very low price.

Our Opening Day will be

SATURDAY, JUNE 16,

When we shall make a formal display of our

New Stock of Dress Goods, Trimmings, Veiling, Millinery, Gents Furnishings, Fancy Goods, Underwear, Hosiery, Gloves, &c.

Infants' Dresses, Cloaks and Bonnets.
Ladies Outside Garments and Suits at Lowest Prices.
Hats and Caps. Boots, Shoes and Slippers.
Oxford Ties from 40c upwards.
House Furnishings of all descriptions too numerous to mention.
Trunks and Valises, &c., &c.

COME AND SEE!

You will be well paid for your trouble, as a little money will go a great ways when you purchase your goods of

JACOB STERN,

(At the old stand, Essex House Block.)

ISLAND POND, VERMONT.

Just Like Them All.

Friend—Now that you have made millions, what will you do?

Old Bullion—I shall retire, and amuse myself telling people what a burden wealth is, and how happy I was when I was poor.—New York Weekly.

To Cleanse the System

Effectually yet gently, when costive or bilious, or when the blood is impure or sluggish, to permanently cure habitual constipation, to awaken the kidneys and liver to a healthy activity, without irritating or weakening them, to dispel headaches, colds or fevers, use Syrup of Figs.

Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is taken internally. Price 75c.

Housecleaning done easy with SAVENA.—Try it. A different present in every package.

Karl's Clover Root, the great blood purifier, gives freshness and clearness to the complexion and cures constipation. 25 cts., 50 cts., $1.

The highest mountain in Europe is Mount Blanc—15,732 feet.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

The common horse fly has 16,000 facets on its eyes. NE26

LIKE Oil Upon Troubled Waters is Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar upon a cold. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

Dean's Rheumatic Pills are a sure cure for all forms of Chronic & Inflammatory Rheumatism & Neuralgia. Entirely vegetable, always safe.

SAVENA, for washing blankets, it leaves them soft and white without shrinking.

It Is Not What We Say But What Hood's Sarsaparilla Does

That Tells the Story. Its record is unequalled in the history of medicine. Even when other preparations fail

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.

Hood's Pills act harmoniously with Hood's Sarsaparilla and are gentle, mild and effective.

500 2d Hand Wheels Wanted.

Special Offer.

Best chance of year to secure a High Grade of latest '94 Model.

'94 NEW MAIL

offered as finest High Grade ever put in American market.

Very large demand!!

Desiring for our 2d Hand Department, 2d hand wheels of standard makes, we offer now to allow MORE THAN USUAL PRICE for them in trade for NEW MAILS. Send description of your old wheel, stating make, tires, condition, and your estimate of value, and secure a NEW MAIL High Grade. Address manufacturers.

WILLIAM READ & SONS, 107 WASHINGTON STREET, BOSTON.

R R R ADAMS READY RELIEF

For headache (whether sick or nervous), toothache, neuralgia, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and weakness in the back, spine, or kidneys, pains around the liver, pleurisy, swelling of the joints and pains of all kinds, the application of Radway's Ready Relief will afford immediate ease, and its continued use for a few days effects a permanent cure.

A CURE FOR ALL Summer Complaints,

DYSENTERY, DIARRHEA.

CHOLERA MORBUS.

A half to a teaspoonful of Ready Relief in a half tumbler of water, repeated as often as the discharges continue, and a flannel saturated with Ready Relief placed over the stomach or bowels will afford immediate relief and soon effect a cure.

Internally—A half to a teaspoonful is half a tumbler of water will, in a few minutes, cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Vomiting, Heartburn, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Sick Headache, Flatulency and all internal pains.

Malaria in Its Various Forms Cured and Prevented.

There is not a remedial agent in the world that will cure fever and ague and all other malarious, bilious and other fevers added by RADWAY'S PILLS, so quickly as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

Price 50 cents per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

WHY NOT USE CYPRESS SHINGLES? They cost no more than cedar, and last 2 or 3 times as long. Send for book, "Cypress Lumber and Its Uses." No charge. The A. T. STEARNS LUMBER CO., Neponset, Boston.

Savena.

A Useful PRESENT in Every Package.

THE BEST WASHING POWDER.

ALSO 100 Premiums To Select From.

Send for circular giving full description of Premiums.

H. R. STEVENS, 464 Broadway, Boston, Mass.

Sewing Machine.

I have used your wonderful SAVENA ever since you put it on the market here. I must say it is the most wonderful compound I ever used for saving labor. If I could not get it, I should give up my washings. It saves so much labor as a sewing machine.

MRS. POLLY STEWART, Brunswick, Mo.

CAUTION.

Always ask your grocer for a package of SAVENA that has the DOG on outside of package.

Sold by all Grocers.

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

THE BROOKLYN DIVINE'S SUNDAY SERMON.

Subject: "The Sabbath Rest."

TEXT: "Verily, My Sabbaths ye shall keep."—Exodus xxxi., 13.

The division of occasion from hard labor one day out of seven is almost universally acknowledged. The world has found out that it can do less work in seven days than in six, and that the fifty-two days of the year devoted to rest are an addition rather than a subtraction. Experiments have been made in all departments. The great Lord Castlereagh thought he could work his train 365 days in the year, but after awhile broke down and committed suicide, and Wilberforce said of him "Poor Castlereagh! This is the result of the nonobservance of the Sabbath!"

A celebrated merchant declared, "I should have been a maniac long ago but for the Sabbath." The nerves, the brain, the muscles, the bones, the entire physical, intellectual and moral nature cry out for the Sabbatic rest. What is true of man is, for the most part, true of the brute. Travelers have found out that they come to their places of destination sooner when they let their horses rest by the way on the Sabbath. What is the matter with those forlorn creatures harnessed to some of the city cars? Why do they stumble and stagger and fall? It is for the lack of the Sabbatic rest.

In other days, when the herdsmen drove their sheep and cattle from the Far West down to the seaboard, it was found out by experiment that those herdsmen and drovers who halted over the seventh day got down sooner to the seaboard than those who passed on without the observance of the holy Sabbath. The fishermen off the coast of Newfoundland declare that those men during the year catch the most fish who stop during the Lord's day.

When I asked the Rocky Mountain locomotive engineer why he changed locomotives when it seemed to be a straight route, he said, "We have to let the locomotive stop and cool off, or the machinery would soon break down." Men who made large quantities of salt were told that if they allowed their kettles to cool over Sunday they would submit themselves to a great deal of damage. The experiment was made, some observing the Sabbath, and some not observing the Sabbath. Those who allowed the fires to go down and the kettles to cool once a week were compelled to spend only a few pennies in the way of repairs, while in the cases where no Sabbath was observed many dollars were demanded for repairs.

In other words, intelligent man, dumb beast and dead machinery cry out for the Lord's day. But while the attempt to kill the Sabbath by the stroke of ax and flail and yardstick has beautifully failed it is proposed in our day to drown the Sabbath by flooding it with secular amusements. They would bury it very decently under the wreath of the target company and to the music of all brazen instruments.

There are to-day in the different cities 10,000 hands and 10,000 pens busy in attempting to cut out the heart of our Christian Sabbath and leave it a bleeding skeleton of what it once was. The effort is organized and tremendous, and unless the friends of Christ and the lovers of good order shall rouse up right speedily their sermons and protests will be uttered after the castle is taken. There are cities in the land where the Sabbath has almost perished, and it is becoming a practical question whether we who received a pure Sabbath from the hands of our fathers shall have piety and pluck enough to give to our children the same blessed inheritance. The eternal God helping us, we will!

I protest against this invasion of the holy Sabbath in the first place because it is a war on Divine enactment. God says in Isaiah, "If thou turn away thy foot from doing thy pleasure on My holy day, thou shalt walk upon the high places." What did He mean by "doing thy pleasure?" He referred to secular and worldly amusements. A man told me he was never so much frightened as in the midst of an earthquake, when the beasts of the field bellowed in fear and even the barnyard fowls screamed in terror. Well, it was when the earth was shaking and the skies were all full of fire that God made the great announcement, "Remember the Sabbath day to keep it holy."

Go through the streets where the theatres are open on a Sabbath night, go up on the steps, enter the boxes of these places of entertainment and tell me if that is keeping the Sabbath holy. "Oh," says some one, "God won't be displeased with a grand sacred concert!" A gentleman who was present at a "grand sacred concert" one Sabbath night in one of the theatres of our great cities said that during the exercises there were some anti-sentimental songs, interspersed with coarse jokes, and there were dances and a farce and tight-rope walking and a trapeze performance. I suppose it was a holy dance and a consecrated tight rope. That is what they call a "grand sacred concert."

We hear a great deal of talk about "the rights of the people" to have just such amusements on Sunday as they want to have. I wonder if the Lord has any rights. You rule your family; the governor rules the State; the president rules the whole land. I wonder if the Lord has a right to rule the nations and make the enactment, "Remember the Sabbath day to keep it holy," and if there is any appeal to a high court from that decision, and if the men who are warring against that enactment are not guilty of high treason against the Maker of heaven and earth. They have in our cities put God on trial. It has been the theaters and the opera houses, plaintiffs, versus the Lord Almighty, defendant. The suit has been begun, and who shall come out ahead you know. Whether it be popular, I now announce it as my opinion that the people have no rights save those which the great Jehovah gives them. He has never given the right to man to break His holy Sabbath, and as long as His throne stands He never will give that right.

The prophet asks a question which I can easily answer, "Will a man rob God?" Yes. They robbed Him last Sunday night at the theatres and the opera houses, and I charge upon them the infamous and high handed larceny. I hold the same opinion as a sailor I have heard of. The crew had been discharged from a vessel because they would not work while they were in port on the Lord's day. The captain went out to get sailors. He found one man, and he said to him, "Will you serve me on the Sabbath?" "No." "Why not?" "Well," replied the old sailor, "a man who will rob God Almighty of His Sabbath would rob me of my wages if he got a chance."

Suppose you were poor, and you came to a dry goods merchant and asked for some cloth for garments, and he should say, "I will give you six yards," and while he was off from the counter and binding up the six yards you should go behind the counter and steal one additional yard. That is what every man does when he breaks the Lord's Sabbath. God gives us six days out of seven, reserving one for Himself, and if you will not let Him have it, it is mean beyond all computation.

Again, I am opposed to this desecration of the Sabbath by secular entertainments because it is a war on the statutes of most of the States. The law in New York State says:

"It shall not be lawful to exhibit on the first day of the week, commonly called Sunday, to the public in any building, garden, grounds, concert room or other room or place within the city and county of New York, any interlude, tragedy, comedy, opera, ballet, play, farce, negro minstrelsy, negro or other dancing, or any other entertainment of the stage, or any part or parts therein, or any equestrian, circus or dramatic performance, or any performance of jugglers, acrobats or rope dancing."

Was there ever a plainer enactment than that? Who made the law? You who at the ballot boxes decided who should go to Albany and sit in the Legislature; you who in any region exercise the right of suffrage. They made the law for you and for your families, and now I say that any man who attempts to override that law insults you and me and every man who has the right of suffrage.

Still further, I protest against the invasion of the Sabbath because it is a foreign war. Now, if you heard at this moment the booming of a gun in the harbor, or if a shell from some foreign frigate should drop into your street, would you keep your seats in church? You would want to face the foe, and every gun that could be mustered would be brought into use, and every ship that could be brought out of the navy yard would swing from her anchorage, and the question would be decided. You do not want a foreign war, and yet I have to tell you that this invasion of God's holy day is a foreign war.

As among our own native born population there are two classes—the good and the bad, so it is with the people who come from other shores—those who are the law abiding and the lawless. The former are welcome here. The more of them the better we like it. But let not the lawless come from other shores expecting to break down our Sabbath and institute in the place of it a foreign Sabbath.

How do you feel, ye who have been brought up amid the hills of New England, about giving up the American Sabbath? Ye who spent your childhood under the shadow of the Adirondacks or the Catskills, ye who were born on the banks of the Savannah or Ohio or Oregon, how do you feel about giving up the American Sabbath? You say "We shall not give it up. We mean to defend it as long as there is left any strength in our arm or blood in our heart! Do not bring your Spanish Sabbath here. Do not bring your Italian Sabbath here. Do not bring your French Sabbath here. Do not bring your foreign Sabbath here. It shall be for us and for our children forever a pure, consecrated, Christian, American Sabbath."

I will make a comparison between the American Sabbath, as some of you have known it, and the Parisian Sabbath. I speak from observation. On a Sabbath morning I was aroused in Paris by a great sound in the street. I said, "What is this?" "Oh," they said, "this is Sunday." An unusual rattle of vehicles of all sorts. The voices seemed more boisterous than on other days. People running to and fro, with baskets or bundles, to get to the rail trains or gardens. It seemed as if all the vehicles in Paris, of whatever sort, had turned out for the holiday. The Champs Elysees one great mob of pleasure seeking people. Balloons flying. Parrots chattering. Footballs rolling. Peddlers hawking their knickknacks through the streets. Punch and Judy shows in a score of places, each one with a shouting audience. Hand organs, cymbals and every kind of racket, musical and unmusical. When the evening came down, all the theaters were in full blaze of music and full blaze of light. The wine stores and saloons were thronged with an unusual number of customers. At eventide I stood and watched the excursionists coming home, fagged out men, women and children, a gulf stream of fatigue, irritability and wretchedness, for I should think it would take three or four days to get over that miserable way of Sunday. It seemed more like an American Fourth of July than a Christian Sabbath.

Now, in contrast, I present one of the Sabbaths in one of our best American cities. Holy silence coming down with the day dawn. Business men more deliberately looking into the faces of their children and talking to them about their present and future welfare. Men sit longer at the table in the morning, because the stores are not to be opened, and the mechanical tools are not to be taken up. A hymn is sung. There are congratulations and good cheer all through the house. The street silent until 10 o'clock, when there is a regular, orderly tramp churchward. Houses of God, vocal with thanksgiving for mercies received, with prayer for comfort, with charities for the poor. Rest for the holy. Rest for the soul. The nerves quieted, the temples cooled, the mind cleared, the soul strengthened, and our entire population turned out on Monday morning ten years younger, better prepared for the duties of the life, better prepared for the life that is to come.

Which do you like best—the American Sabbath or the Parisian Sabbath? Do you know in what boat the Sabbath came across the seas and landed on our shores? It was in the Mayflower. Do you know in what boat the Sabbath will leave us, if it ever goes? It will be in the ark that floats over a deluge of national destruction.

Still further, I protest against the invasion of the Lord's day because it wrongs a vast multitude of employes of their rest. The play actors and actresses can have their rest between their engagements, but how about the scene shifters, the ballet dancers, the callboys, the innumerable attendants and supernumeries of the American theatre? Where is their Sunday to come from? They are paid small salaries at the best. Alas, for them! They appear on the stage in tinsel and tassel with halter in, or in gauze whirling in toe tortures, and they might be mistaken for fairies or queens, but after 1 o'clock at night you may see them trudging through the streets in faded dresses, shivering and tired, a bundle under their arms, seeking their homes in the garrets and cellars of the city. Now, you propose to take from thousands of these employes throughout this country not only all opportunity of moral culture, but all opportunity of physical rest. For heaven's sake, let the crushing juggernaut stop at least one day in seven.

Again, I oppose this modern invasion of the Christian Sabbath because it is a war on the spiritual welfare of the people. You have a body? Yes. You have a mind? Yes. You have a soul? Yes. Which of the secular halls on the Sabbath day will give that soul any culture? Now, admitting that a man has a spiritual and immortal nature, which one of the places of amusement will culture it? Which one of the Sabbath performances will remind men of the fact that unless they are born again they cannot see the kingdom of God?

Will the music of the "Grand Duchess" help people at last to sing the song of the one hundred and forty and four thousand? Besides, if you gentlemen of the secular entertainment have six days in the week in which to exercise your alleged beneficial influence, ought you not to allow Christian institutions to have twenty-four hours? Is it unreasonable to demand that if you have six days for the body and intellect we should have one day at least for our immortal soul? Or, to put it in another shape, do you really think our imperishable soul is worth at least one-seventh as much as our perishable body?

An artist has three gems—a cornelian, an amethyst and a diamond. He has to cut them and to set them. Which one is he most particular about? Now, the cornelian is the body, the amethyst is the intellect, the diamond is the soul. For the two former you propose six days of opportunity, while you offer no opportunity at all for the last, which is in value as compared with the others like $100,000,000,000 to one farthing. Besides you must not forget that nine-tenths—aye, ninety-nine one-hundredths—of all the Christian efforts of this country are put forth on the Lord's day. Sunday is the day on which the asylums and hospitals and the prisons are visited by Christian men. That is the day when the youth of our country get their religious information in Sunday schools. That is the day when the most of the charities are collected. That is the day when, under the blast of 60,000 American pulpits, the sin of the land is assaulted and men are summoned to repent. When you make war upon any part of God's day, you make war upon the asylums, and the penitentiaries, and the hospitals, and the reform associations, and the homes of the destitute, and the church of the living God, which is the pillar and the ground of the truth.

I am opposed to the invasion of the Sabbath because it is a war on our political institutions. When the Sabbath goes down, the republic goes down. Men who are not willing to obey God's law in regard to Sabbath observance are not fit to govern themselves. Sabbath breaking means dissoluteness, and dissoluteness is incompatible with self government. They wanted a republic in France. After awhile they got a republic, but one day Napoleon III., with his cavalry, rode through the streets, and down went the republic under the clattering hoofs. They have a republic there again, but France never will have a permanent republic until she quits her roistering Sabbaths and devotes one day in every week to the recognition of God and sacred institutions. Abolish the Sabbath, and you abolish your religious privileges. Let the bad work go on, and you have "the commune," and you have "the revolution," and you have the sun of national prosperity going down in darkness and blood. From that reign of terror may the God of peace deliver us.

Still further, I am opposed to this invasion of the Sabbath because it is unfair and it is partial. While secular amusements in different cities are allowed to be open on the Sabbath day, dry goods establishments must be closed, and plumbing establishments, and the butcher's, and the baker's, and the shoemaker's, and the hardware stores. Now, tell me by what law of justice you can compel a man to shut the door of his store while you keep open the door of your worldly establishment. May it please your honors, judges of the supreme court, if you give to secular places the right to be open on the Sabbath day, you have to give, at the same time, the right to all commercial establishments to be open, and to all mechanical establishments to be open. If it is right in the one case, it is right in all the cases.

But we are told that they must get money on Sabbath nights in order to pay the deficits of the other nights of the week. Now, in answer to that I say that if the men cannot manage their amusements without breaking the Lord's day they had better all go into bankruptcy together. We will never surrender our Christian Sabbath for the purpose of helping these violators to pay their expenses.

Above all, my confidence is in the good hand of God that has been over our cities since their foundation. But I call this day upon all those who believe Christian principle, and those who love our political freedom, who stand in solid phalanx in this Thermopylæ of our American history, for I believe as certainly as I stand here that the triumph or overthrow of American institutions depends upon this Sabbath contest.

Bring your voices, your pens, your printing presses and your pulpits into the Lord's artillery corps for the defense of our holy day. To-day in your families and in your Sabbath schools, recite, "Remember the Sabbath day to keep it holy." Decree before high heaven that this war on your religious rights and the cradles of your children shall bring ignominious defeat to the enemies of God and the public weal. For those who die in the contest building for the right we shall chisel the epitaph, "These are they who came out of great tribulation and had their robes washed and made white in the blood of the Lamb." But for that one who shall prove in this moral crisis recreant to God and the church that there shall be no honorable epitaph. He shall not be worthy even of a burial place in all this free land, but the appropriate interment for such a one would be to carry out his remains and drop them into the sea, where the lawless winds which keep no Sabbath may gallop over the grave of him who lived and died a traitor to God, the church and the free institutions of America. Long live the Christian Sabbath! Perish forever all attempts to overthrow it!

CONDENSED NEWS OF THE DAY.

Domestic News in Brief.

Exeter, Neb., is nearly destroyed by fire.

Pittsburg is threatened with a police exposure.

Steamer Spartan has arrived at Philadelphia all right.

Alfred P. Burbank, the elocutionist, died of consumption in New York.

New armament of the famous frigate Hartford has been decided upon.

Sculptor St. Gaudens has made another design for the World's fair medal.

New York banks have decided to reimburse the treasury for the gold exported.

All of Philadelphia's police lieutenants must stand trial for an offense of which only one is guilty.

New York merchants testify to paying the police for the use of sidewalks before the Sexton committee.

Fire of unknown origin destroyed almost the entire city of Exeter, Neb. The losses are far up in the thousands.

Prof. Mendenhall has resigned, claiming, it is said, that the work of the coast and geodetic survey has been hampered by the secretary of the treasury.

As reported to R. G. Dun & Co., the failures during the week are 214 in the United States, against 273 last year, and 25 in Canada, against 18 last year.

The Federal grand jury is to look into the cases of the heads of the sugar trust, who refused to answer questions asked by the senate investigating committee.

The bodies of Harry and Frank Bare, ten-year-old twins, were found in Hoover's Lake, Lima, Ohio. A man passing by saw a pile of clothes on the bank and on poking in the water with a long stick brought the bodies to the surface. The boys had run away from home to go swimming.

The heaviest rain on record has fallen all over Southern Kansas, particularly in the counties constituting the corn belt. The rainfall in Wichita, according to government test, was 4.07 inches for 15 hours, while the heaviest rain heretofore has been 3.19 inches in 24 hours. Great floods are feared when the water reaches the river.

The San Francisco Examiner states that the big Sutro tunnel in the Comstock mining region in Nevada has been attached to force the settlement of claims aggregating $32,000 against the Comstock tunnel company which now controls the property. The original cost of the tunnel is said to have been something like $8,000,000, but owing to decline of mining operations on the Comstock, the property has gradually depreciated in value. The claims for which the attachments were issued were made by the attorneys formerly in the employ of the tunnel company.

Epitome of Foreign Events.

The pope's encyclical has been issued.

Hungarian house of Magnates has passed civil marriage bill.

Number of deaths caused by the Pont-y-Pridd mine explosion now placed at 251.

Emperor William has influenced Belgium and England to come to terms with France.

The Italian deputies have approved the government's proposal to increase the salt tax.

Congratulations on the birth of the heir to the British throne telegraphed by Europe's sovereigns.

Italian minister of war resigns that he may fight a duel, but the king refuses to allow him to retire.

While passing Bingen, Germany, the Rhine steamer "Hamlet" burst a steam pipe, killing two sailors and injuring several others.

Emperor William's chamberlain has been arrested for sending threatening and scandalous letters to members of court circles.

NEW ENGLAND NEWS NOTES.

P. St. Medard Andrews died at Norwich, Ct.

Steamer Plymouth has floated off the rocks.

Aged couple at Hartford, Ct., disappointed wedding guests.

Pipe smoking caused the death of a veteran at Attleboro, Mass.

A North Attleboro woman was thrown from a bicycle and seriously injured.

Sensational charges have been made against the police of Manchester, N. H.

The crusade against Sunday band concerts has been renewed at Augusta, Me.

An Italian organ grinder from Boston shot a man, probably fatally, at Bradford, Vt.

A number of clerks and skilled laborers have been discharged from the Portsmouth Navy Yard.

In a fight at Providence, R. I., one man slashed another with a sabre inflicting serious injuries.

There is trouble in Gloucester, Mass., over the withholding of diplomas from high school graduates.

The body of John W. Mattran was found in the river at Manchester, N. H. He was taken with cramps while bathing.

Rev. H. K. Job of North Middleboro, Mass., puts into practice the idea of having all the babies in his parish cared for in church during services.

Malcolm Mellen, a young Swede, 17 years of age, while examining a revolver at his home in New Britain, Ct., shot his 9-year old sister in the lower abdomen. He did not know it was loaded. The girl's chances of recovery are small.

FRIGHTFUL SLAUGHTER.

Reported That 251 Were Killed in Pont-y-Pridd Mine, Wales.

The further exploration of the Pont-y-Pridd mine, in which the terrible explosion occurred, has shown that the disaster was far beyond anything imagined.

The number of dead is 251. The original report that only 200 men were in the mine at the time was due to a misunderstanding on the part of the manager, who thought that a shift of miners had just come up. Many of the dead bodies were mangled beyond recognition.

Crowds of women, who have not slept since the explosion, still surround the pit, awaiting news from husbands and brothers. Exploration of the mine is slow and difficult, owing to the blocking of the galleries with wreckage and dead horses.

A Nihilist Plot to Hoist the Czar.

The Russian police at St. Petersburg, have discovered an explosive mine which was intended to blow up the train conveying the czar to the manœuvres in Central Russia. According to the dispatch, the mine was discovered along the line of the Orel-Witbsk railroad. The outrage is said to be the work of Nihilists. In consequence of the discovery of this plot to kill the czar, the latter, it is asserted, has decided to abandon his intention of attending the opening of the Memorial Church at Zorki.

UNCLE SAM'S DRUG SHOPS

FREE MEDICINE FOR ARMY AND NAVY OFFICERS.

They Also Receive Medical Attendance Free of Charge—Regulations of the Two Stores.

THERE are two drug shops in this town, says a Washington letter to the New York Times, which do not depend upon the Washington public for patronage or profit. There are no signs above their doors, their windows do not contain the regulation glass vessels filled with colored fluids, and soda-water fountains do not tempt persons with nickels and cast iron stomachs to enter.

Uncle Sam is the proprietor of these queer shops. It may not be generally known that this famous character has been in the drug business a great many years. He set up his Washington shops long before the present generation took up its residence in the city, and from present indications he will be doing business "at the old stand," or equally uninviting ones, when the next generation comes upon the scene.

The officers of the army and navy stationed in Washington and the members of their families are the sole patrons of these dispensaries. By virtue of liberal regulations officers of the army and navy are relieved of that burden of doctors' bills which sometimes makes the life of the private citizen one of vexation. When a member of an officer's family is taken ill, a telephone message will summon an army or navy surgeon, a prescription, which does not require a monetary accompaniment, is made out and sent to the army or navy dispensary, and the process of killing or curing goes on without any worriment on the part of the officer or his wife concerning the financial aspect of the case. So long as medical care is required, the paid medical servant of Uncle Sam sees that it is not lacking.

Medicines for the naval establishment are purchased at the United States naval laboratory at New York, under the direction of the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery. When the director of the laboratory desires a supply of medicines, he calls the attention of the bureau to his needs, and the bureau invites proposals from first-class dealers. The expenses of the naval establishment for medicines alone will not exceed $60,000 or $8,000.

There are about 1000 in Washington who come under the provisions of the army medical regulations. This large number is due to the fact that this is the principal station in the country, requiring the services of many officers, and that a large proportion of the officers have families. It should be stated here that the practice of furnishing medical attendance to the families of officers grew out of the conditions surrounding army life at frontier posts, where civilian physicians are unknown.

The method of supplying medicines is simple, yet effective, and there does not appear to be much opportunity for any officer to accumulate a stock of medicines "for household uses" at Uncle Sam's expense. When one of the physicians writes a prescription it is taken to the dispensary, where the attending pharmacist compounds it with all the care which should attend such an operation. The stock of medicines on hand is considered to be ample. The apartment in which the medicines are stored is not unlike an ordinary drug store. The pharmacist has a department in the rear, while the steward presides at the counter and keeps a careful eye on the stock, for he is responsible for its condition and must make requisitions when it shows signs of depletion.

Every prescription is numbered, and the name of the person for whom it is intended is recorded. Suppose a patient has exhausted the contents of a bottle, and desires a fresh supply of medicine. He or she takes it to the dispensary and hands it to the attendant, who carries it to the pharmacist, who looks up the number and the name attached to it, and then sends a memorandum to the physician who happens to be present. If the latter decides that the prescription may be renewed, the bottle is refilled. If for any reason the physician demurs, explanations follow. It will be seen that every prescription is carefully guarded. The chances are that if this were not the practice the stock of drugs at the dispensary would soon be depleted. It is a failing of human nature to patronize liberally that which costs nothing, and officers of the army are not supposed to have laid aside this failing when they donned the blue.

The process of purveying medicines to the defenders of the flag and their dependents, just described, is similar to that which prevails at the navy dispensary. There are several hundred persons who patronize this particular drug shop. Naval officers are not so plentiful in Washington as those of the army. The naval regulations governing medical officers do not provide that medicines shall be furnished to the families of officers, but usage has practically nullified these, and the attending surgeons exercise their discretion. It is safe to say that no member of a naval officer's family has ever been denied medicine from the navy dispensary in Washington on the ground that the regulations forbid the filling of prescriptions not intended for officers.

A naval officer on detached service, who is taken ill, and cannot command the services of a naval surgeon, is given the privilege by the department of presenting the bill of his civilian medical attendant, properly vised, and getting the equivalent of the sum called for. This is but another evidence of the liberality of Uncle Sam. One who examines the provisions made for the comfort of the officers of the army and navy cannot fail to be impressed with the thoughtfulness displayed by those who have framed the regulations which govern these servants of the public.

A Lone Fisherman's Catch.

Timothy Dyer, aged ninety-four years, the veteran fisherman of Vinalhaven, Me., was out fishing all alone the other day and caught 102 fish, which he sold to the market there.—Boston Transcript.

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Easy to Do.

In a certain church in Ireland a young priest was detailed to preach. The occasion was his first appearance, and he took for his text "The feeding of the multitude." He said: "And they fed ten people with 10,000 loaves of bread and 10,000 fishes." An old Irishman said: "That's no miracle. Begorra, I could do that myself!" which the priest overheard. The next Sunday the priest announced the same text, but he had it right this time. He said: "And they fed 10,000 people on ten loaves of bread and ten fished." He waited a second, and then leaned over the pulpit and said: "And could you do that Mr. Murphy?" Murphy replied: "And sure, your reverence, I could." "And how could you do it?" said the priest. "And sure, your reverence, I could do it with what was left over from last Sunday."—The Christian Intelligencer.

Good Place for a Quiet Nap.

A man went into a store and asked if he could rest four or five hours. The proprietor, who was sanding some sugar, told him he could, and asked: "Why don't you go to a hotel?" The man replied: "I am suffering from nervous prostration and the doctor told me to find a quiet place to rest, and as I see you do not advertise I knew I could not find a more quiet place." With this he settled back in the chair and watched the sparrows build a nest in the cheese case.

A Sure Place.

Its Mother — Oh, John! John! What shall we do? baby has swallowed his rattle!

Its Father — Do? Nothing. Now he'll have it with him all the time and we won't have to be forever hunting it up when he cries.—Chicago Record.

Willie's Identity.

"Papa," said Willie, "I wish you'd tell me. If you were Queen Victoria and mamma was the Emperor of China—Got that?"

"Yes."

"Well, if you was they, who'd I be?"—Harper's Bazar.

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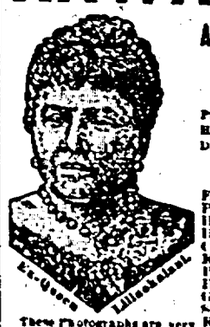

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